

Office Use Only Application No.: Date Lodged:

Application for

Planning Permit

Planning Enquiries Phone: 03 9205 2200

Web: http://www.hume.vic.gov.au

If you need help to complete this form, read How to complete the Application for Planning Permit form.

Any material submitted with this application, including plans and personal information, will be made available for public viewing, including electronically, and copies may be made for interested parties for the purpose of enabling consideration and review as part of a planning process under the Planning and Environment Act 1987. If you have any concerns, please contact Council's planning department.

A Questions marked with an asterisk (*) are mandatory and must be completed.

Clear Form

The Land

 $\left(1\right)$ Address of the land. Complete the Street Address and one of the Formal Land Descriptions.

A If the space provided on the form is insufficient, attach a separate sheet.

Street Address

Unit No.:	St. No.: 2	St. Name: Frederick Street	t
Suburb/Locality: 9	Sunbury		Postcode:3429

Formal Land Description * Complete either A or B.

This information can be found on the certificate of title

Α	Lot No.: 1	OLodged Plan	Title Plan	Plan of Subdivision	No.: 639368N
OR					
В	Crown Allotmen	t No.:		Section No.:	
	Parish/Township	o Name:			

If this application relates to more than one address, please click this button and enter relevant details.

Add Address

The Proposal A You must give full details of your proposal and attach the information required to assess the application. Insufficient or unclear information will delay your application.

2) For what use, development or other matter do you require a permit? *

> If you need help about the proposal, read: How to Complete the Application for Planning Permit Form

Use and development of the land for Motor Vehicle, Boat, or Caravan Sales (Car & Truck Rental) Please refer to the Planning Report for full application details.

Estimated cost of development for which the permit is required *

You may be required to verify this estimate. Cost \$250000 Insert `0' if no development is proposed.

required, a description of the likely effect of the proposal.

If the application is for land within metropolitan Melbourne (as defined in section 3 of the Planning and Environment Act 1987) and the estimated cost of the development exceeds \$1 million (adjusted annually by CPI) the Metropolitan Planning Levy must be paid to the State Revenue Office and a current levy certificate must be submitted with the application. Visit www.sro.vic.gov.au for information.

Provide additional information on the proposal, including: plans and elevations; any information required by the planning scheme, requested by Council or outlined in a Council planning permit checklist; and if

Existing Conditions i

Describe how the land is used and developed now *

> eg. vacant, three dwellings, medical centre with two practitioners, licensed restaurant with 80 seats

Vacant

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Title Information 🕕					
5 Encumbrances on title *	Does the proposal breach, in any way, an encumbrance on title such as a restrictrive covenant, section 173 agreement or other obligation such as an easement or building envelope? () Yes. (If 'yes' contact Council for advice on how to proceed before continuing with this application.)				
If you need help about the title, read:					
How to complete the Application for Planning Permit	No	·		, ,	
form	Not applicable (no such encumbrance ap	oplies).			
	Provide a full, current copy of the title for e (The title includes: the covering 'register se documents, known as 'instruments', eg. re:	earch statem	ent', the title diagram and		
Applicant and Owner	Details 🚺				
6 Provide details of the applicant a	nd the owner of the land.				
Applicant *	Name:				
The person who wants	Title: Mr First Name: Matthew		Sumame: Buckmaste	r	
the permit.	Organisation (if applicable): Buckmaster To	wn Plannin	g Pty Ltd		
	Postal Address:	If it is a	P.O. Box, enter the details I	nere:	
	Unit No.: St. No.:	St. N	ame: PO Box 30		
	Suburb/Locality: Greensborough	State	: VIC	Postcode: 3088	
Where the preferred contact person for the application is different from the applicant,	Contact person's details * Name:	s	ame as applicant (if so, go	to 'contact information')	
provide the details of that person.	Title: Mrs First Name: Louise		Sumame:Williams		
P-3-3-3-11	Organisation (if applicable): Buckmaster To	wn Plannin	g Pty Ltd		
	Postal Address:	If it is a	a P.O. Box, enter the details i	nere:	
	Unit No.: St. No.:	St. N	ame: PO Box 30		
	Suburb/Locality: Greensborough	State	: VIC	Postcode:3088	
Please provide at least one	Contact information				
contact phone number *	Business Phone: 0422 667 442		Email: louise@buckmastertp.com.au		
	Mobile Phone: 0422 672 227	Fax:			
Owner *					
The person or organisation who owns the land					
Where the owner is different					
from the applicant, provide the details of that person or					
organisation.					
Declaration ii					
(7) This form must be signed by the	ne applicant *				
Remember it is against the law to provide false or	I declare that I am the applicant; and that all correct; and the owner (if not myself) has been	the informa	tion in this application is	true and	
misleading information, which could result in a	Signature:		Date: 17		
	available for the sole purpose	15		y / month / year	
enabling its consideration ar	nd review as part of a planning			J	
ocess under the Planning and	 	Ap	plication for Planning Permit	2012 VIC. Aus Page	
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Need help with the Application?

If you need help to complete this form, read <u>How to complete the Application for Planning Permit form</u> General information about the planning process is available at <u>www.delwp.vic.gov.au/planning</u>

Contact Council's planning department to discuss the specific requirements for this application and obtain a planning permit checklist. Insufficient or unclear information may delay your application.

(8) Has there been a pre-application meeting with a Council planning officer?

No Yes	
---------	--

Checklist ii

9 Have you:

Filled in the form completely?				
Paid or included the application fee? Most applications require a fee to be paid. Contact Council to determine the appropriate fee.				
Provided all necessary supporting information and documents?				
A full, current copy of title information for each individual parcel of land forming the subject site				
A plan of existing conditions.				
Plans showing the layout and details of the proposal				
Any information required by the planning scheme, requested by council or outlined in a council planning permit checklist.				
If required, a description of the likely effect of the proposal (eg traffic, noise, environmental impacts).				
If applicable, a current Metropolitan Planning Levy certificate (a levy certificate expires 90 days after the day on which it is issued by the State Revenue Office and then cannot be used). Failure to comply means the application is void.				
Completed the relevant Council planning permit checklist?				
Signed the declaration (section 7)?				

Lodgement II

Lodge the completed and signed form, the fee payment and all documents with:

Hume City Council

PO Box 119 Dallas VIC 3047

Pascoe Vale Road Broadmeadows VIC 3047

Contact information:

Telephone: 61 03 9205 2200 Email: email@hume.vic.gov.au

DX: 94718

Translation: 03 9205 2200 for connection to Hume Link's multilingual telephone information service

Deliver application in person, by fax, or by post:

Print Form

Make sure you deliver any required supporting information and necessary payment when you deliver this form to the above mentioned address. This is usually your local council but can sometimes be the Minister for Planning or another body.

Save Form:

Save Form To Your Computer You can save this application form to your computer to complete or review later or email it to others to complete relevant sections.



info@buckmastertp.com.au ACN: 626 773 868

Ph: 0422 672 227

28 January 2021

Mychelle Tomsett Senior Town Planner Hume City Council

Request for Further Information 2 Frederick Street, Sunbury Planning Application: P23784

Dear Mychelle,

I refer to your letter dated 2 July 2021 requesting further information in relation to the abovementioned planning permit application. As requested, please find attached:

- a) Traffic impact assessment report prepared by TTM
- b) Stormwater management plan prepared by Structural Bureau
- c) Amended plans
- d) Arborist report prepared by Stem Arboriculture.

The following is a response to the further information letter:

Further Information

1. Traffic impact assessment

A Traffic impact assessment is required before the development can be assessed on traffic grounds. Including the following:

- a) A case study of a similar size development in a similar setting would need to be undertaken to determine the car parking rate for this development. The results of any parking surveys are to be provided and if a car parking reduction is sought based on the case studies findings, an empirical assessment is to accompany the case study. No studies are to be undertaken during covid-19 restrictions as this is not an accurate representation of typical conditions.
- b) Swept path analysis of service vehicles utilising the site.
- c) Traffic generation and distribution including impacts on the road network.
- d) Assessment of proposed and existing property access.

A Traffic Impact Assessment has been prepared by TTM.

2. Stormwater management plan

A stormwater management plan must be provided, that responds to the requirements of Clause 53.18 and Clause 22.19 of the Hume Planning Scheme.

A stormwater management plan has been prepared by Structural Bureau.



3. Amended plans

Please provide amended plans demonstrating that Covenant PS 639368N is met.

The covenant requires a minimum finished floor level of 212.77. The plans have been amended to show compliance with Covenant PS 639368N, by providing a finished floor level of 213.25.

4. Arborist report

Please provide an arborist report demonstrating that the existing street trees will not be detrimentally impacted by the proposed development.

An arborist report by Stem Arboriculture has been provided.

Civil Comments (received in email dated 19 August 2021)

- 1. There is a 3m wide easement, which runs along the western boundary of the property. According to Council plans, Council's 525mm dia. stormwater pipe is located within the easement.
- 2. According to Council records, the pipe centreline is located 2m from the property boundary within the easement and is located at a depth of approximately 1.5m within the north-west corner of the site. As such, proposed footings for any brick or masonry buildings within 200mm of the easement must have a founding depth not less than 700mm below the existing ground surface level.
- 3. In order to maintain a minimum required cover over Council's assets, the maximum allowable cut within the easement is 230mm.

Please update the plans to ensure the proposal aligns with the above. Please note that the covenant on title also has minimum floor levels, so you may need to balance these.

The plans have been amended to reflect the comments from Council's Engineers.

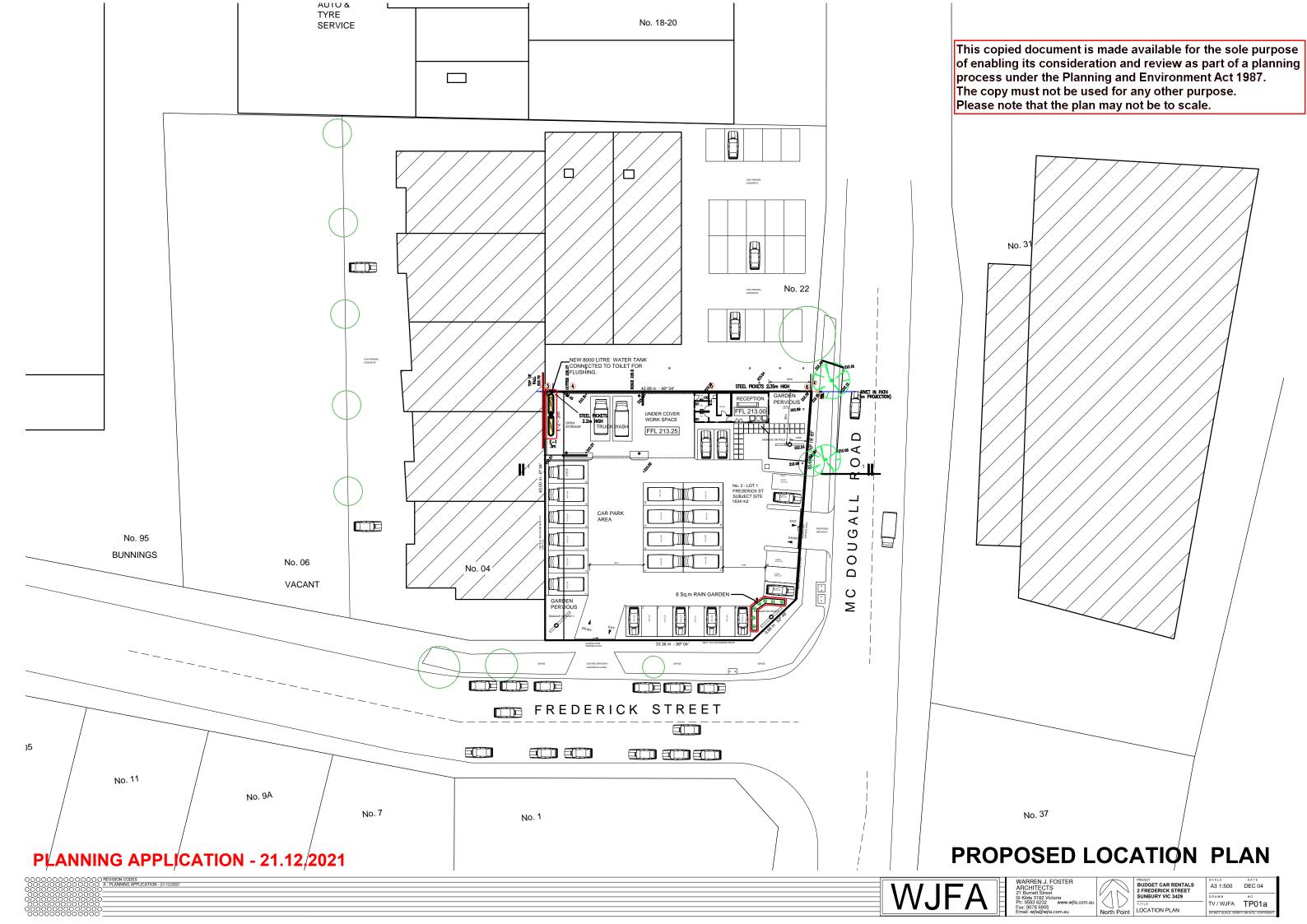
If you have any questions about this information, please contact me on 0422 672 227. In the event that some information remains outstanding, please advise me at your earliest convenience and provide an extension of time to provide this information for one additional month.

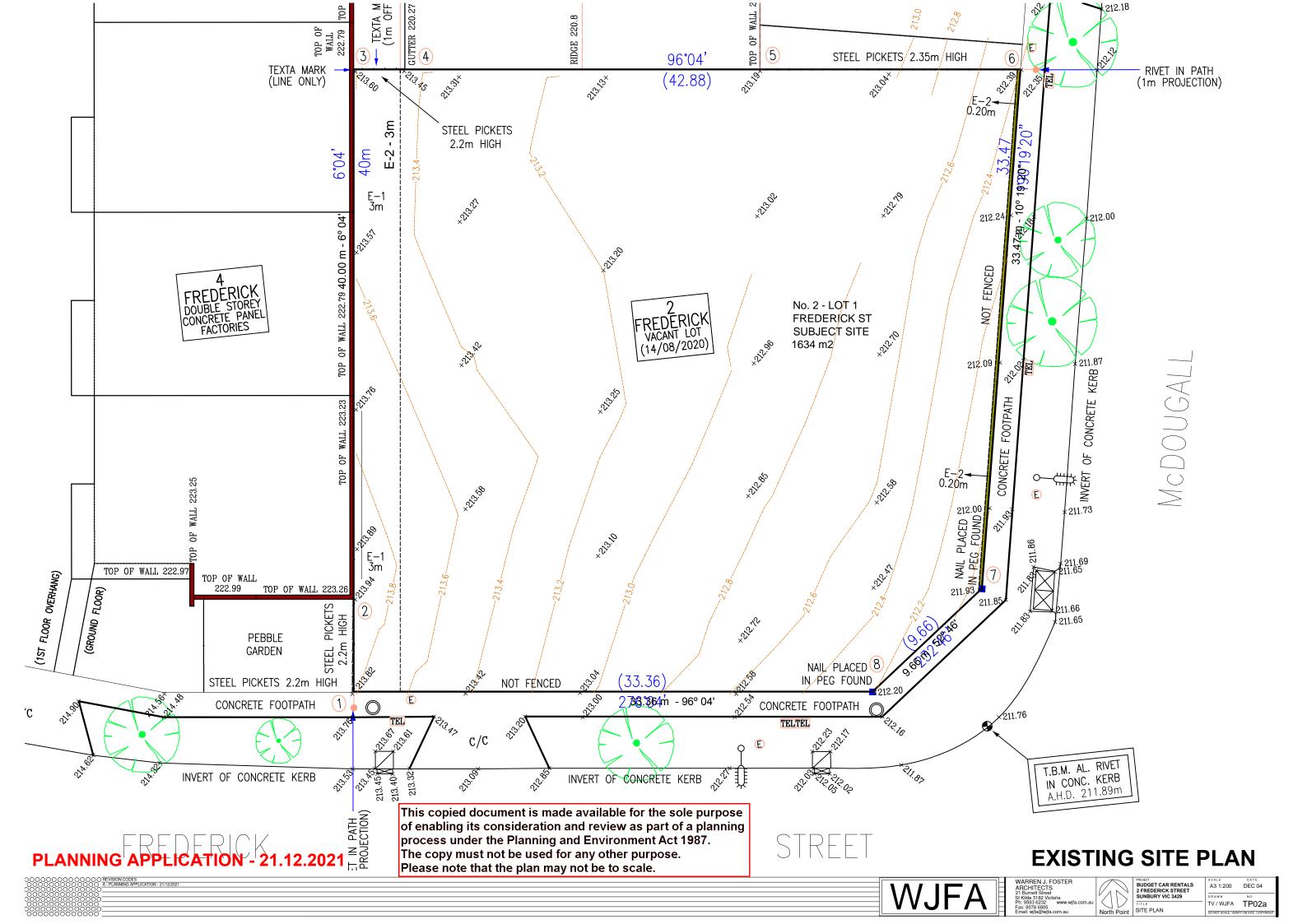
Kind Regards,

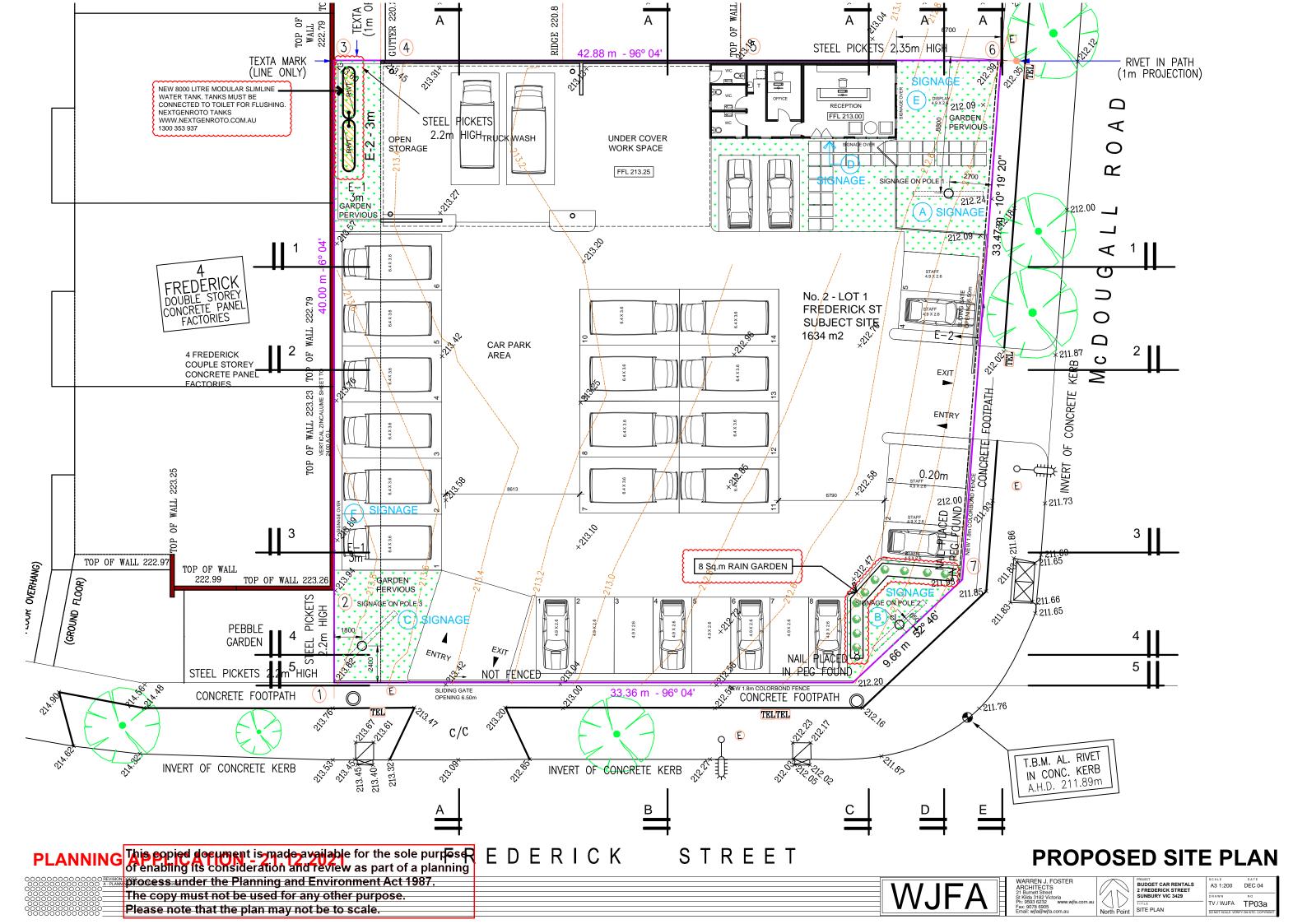
Matthew Buckmaster

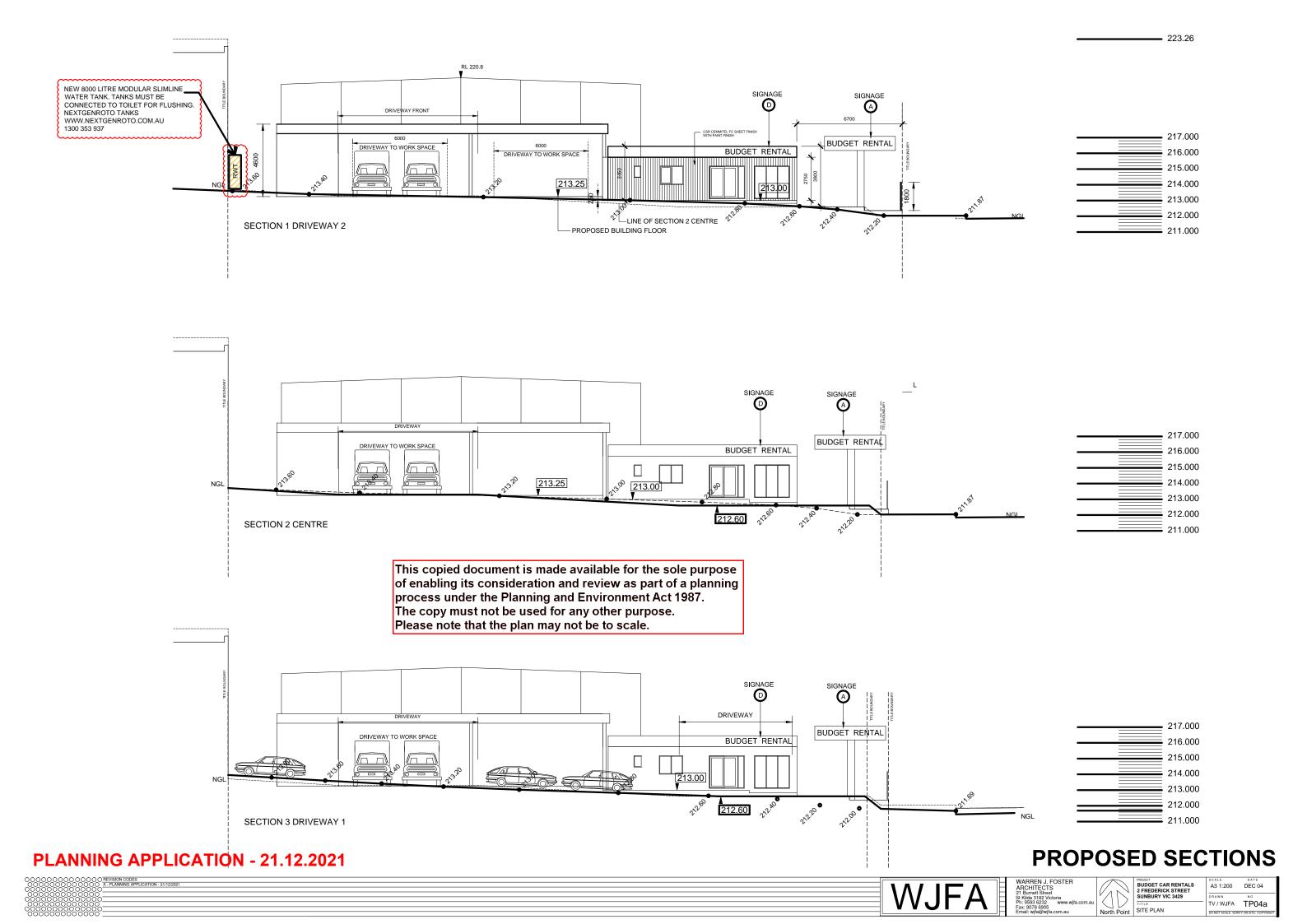
Director

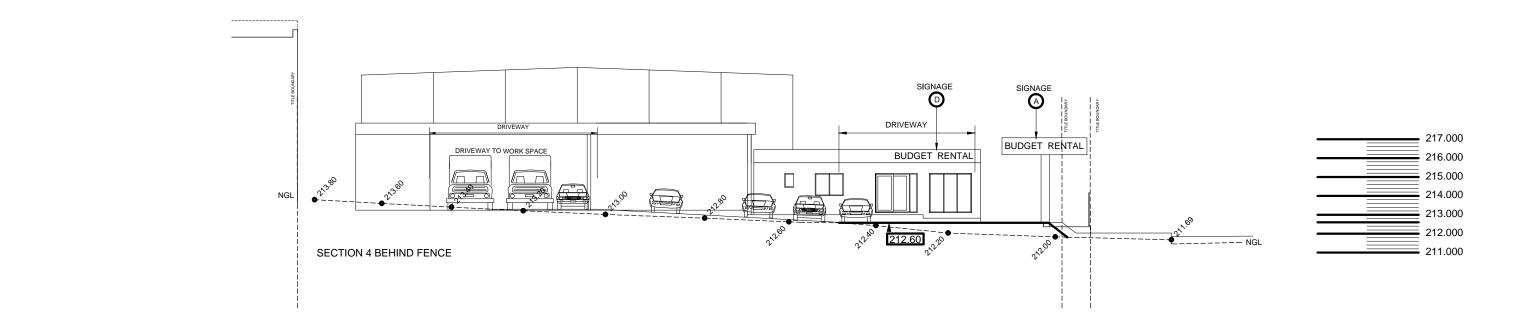
Buckmaster Town Planning Pty Ltd

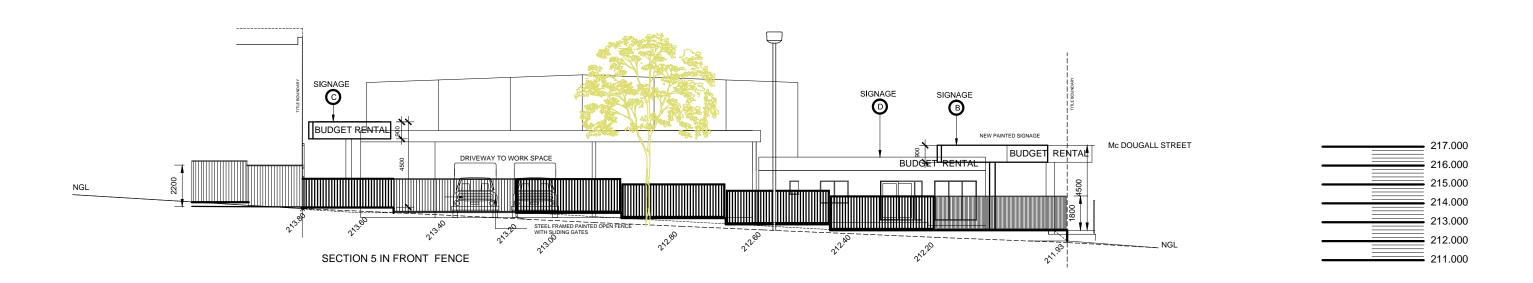












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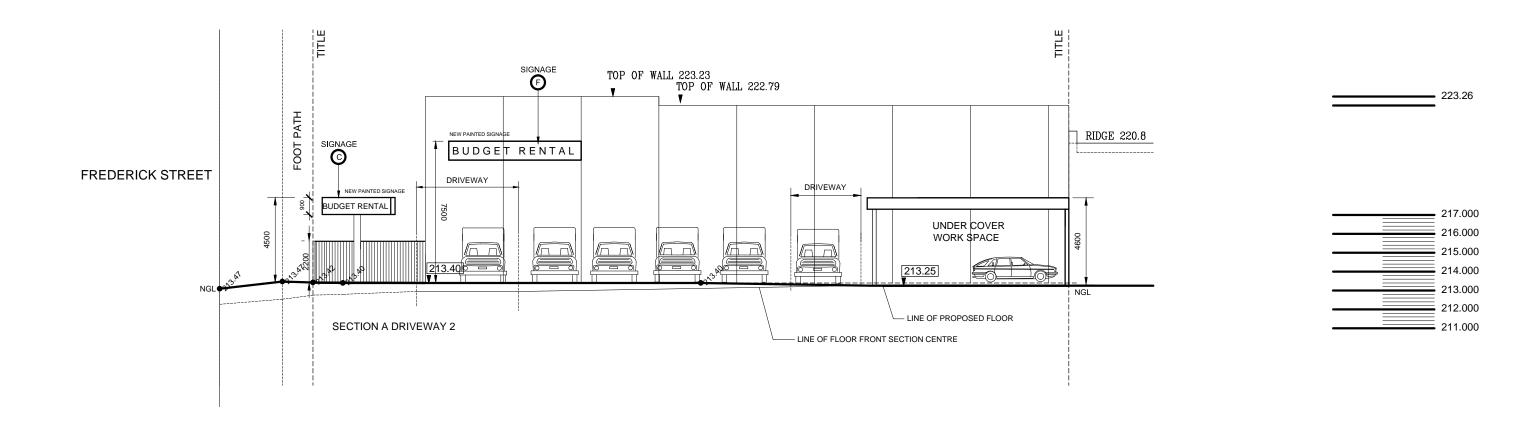
The copy must not be used for any other purpose.

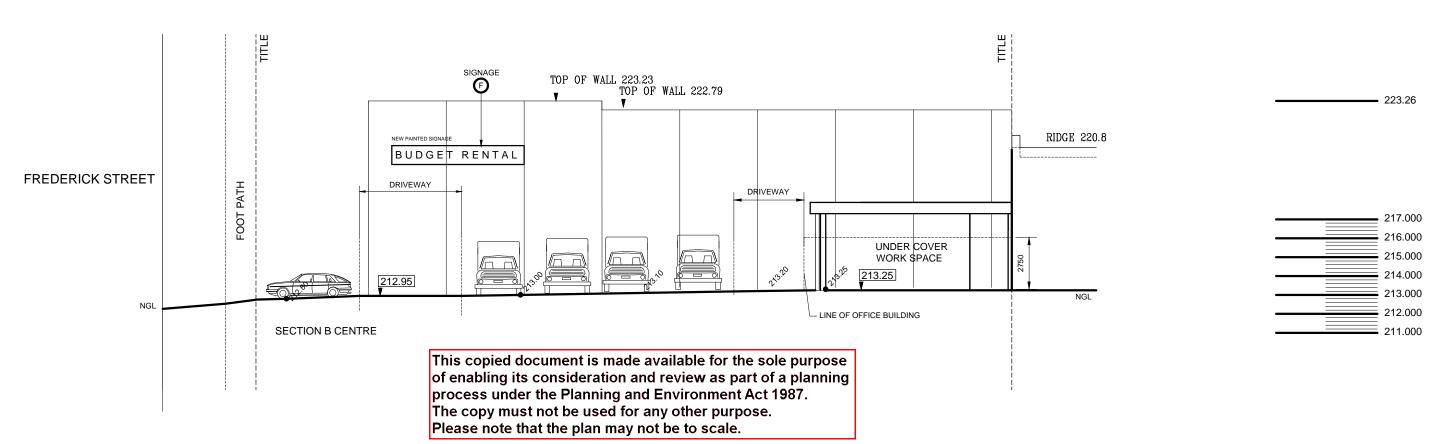
Please note that the plan may not be to scale.

PLANNING APPLICATION - 21.12.2021

REVISION CODES
A - PLANNING APPLICATION - 21/12/2021

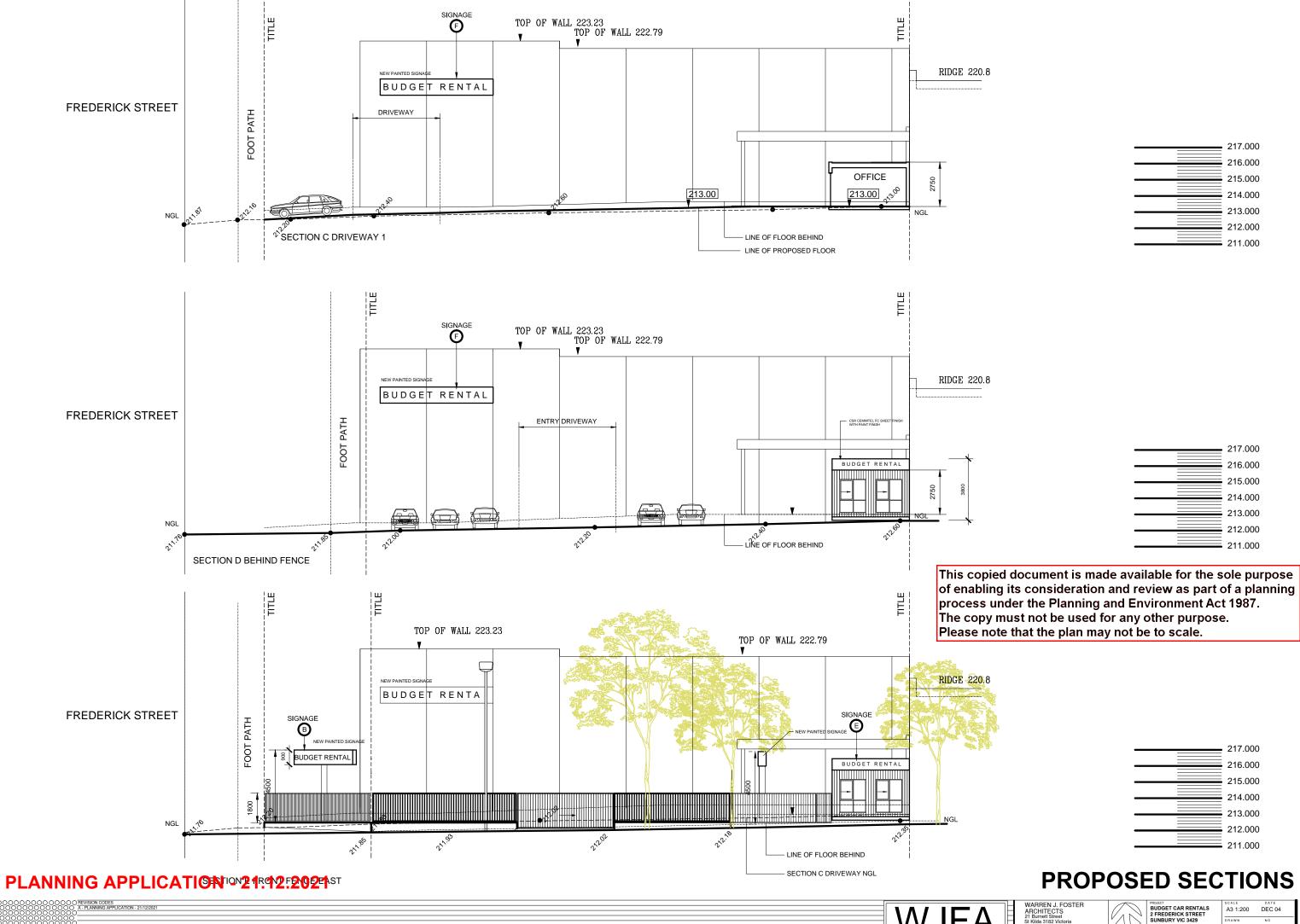
PROPOSED SECTIONS





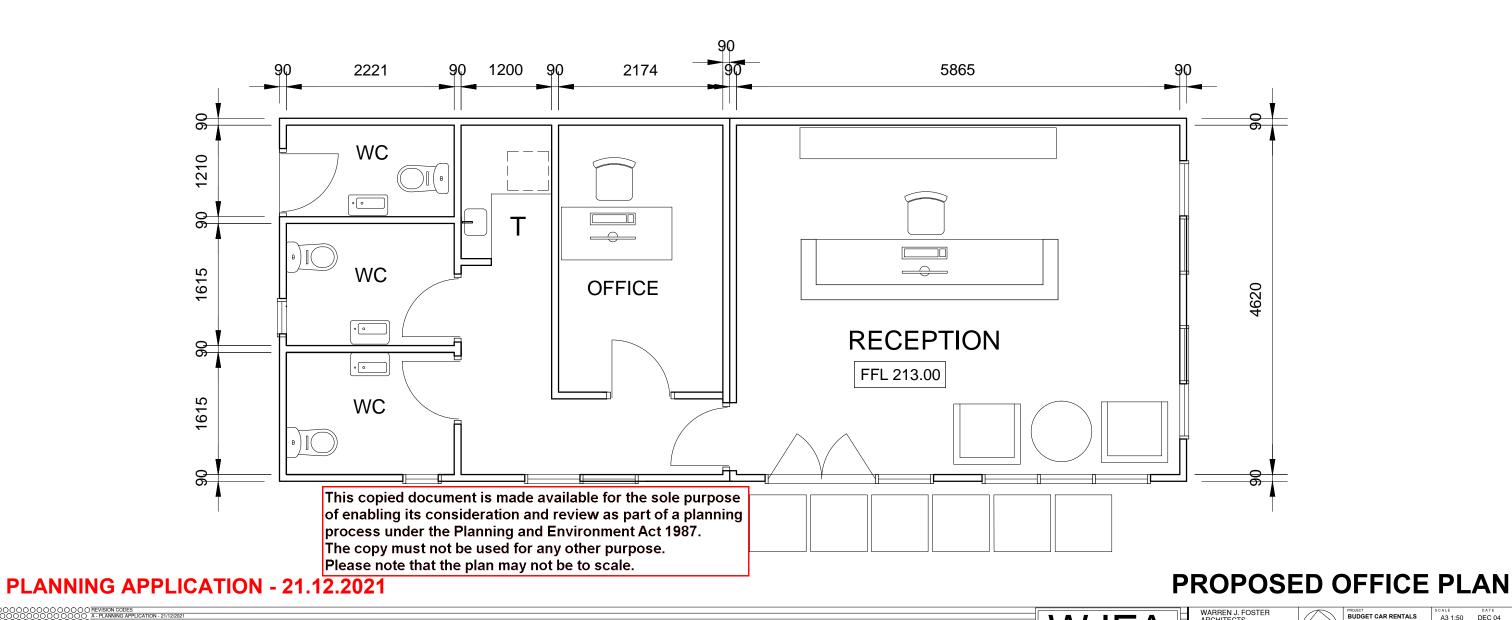
PLANNING APPLICATION - 21.12.2021

PROPOSED SECTIONS

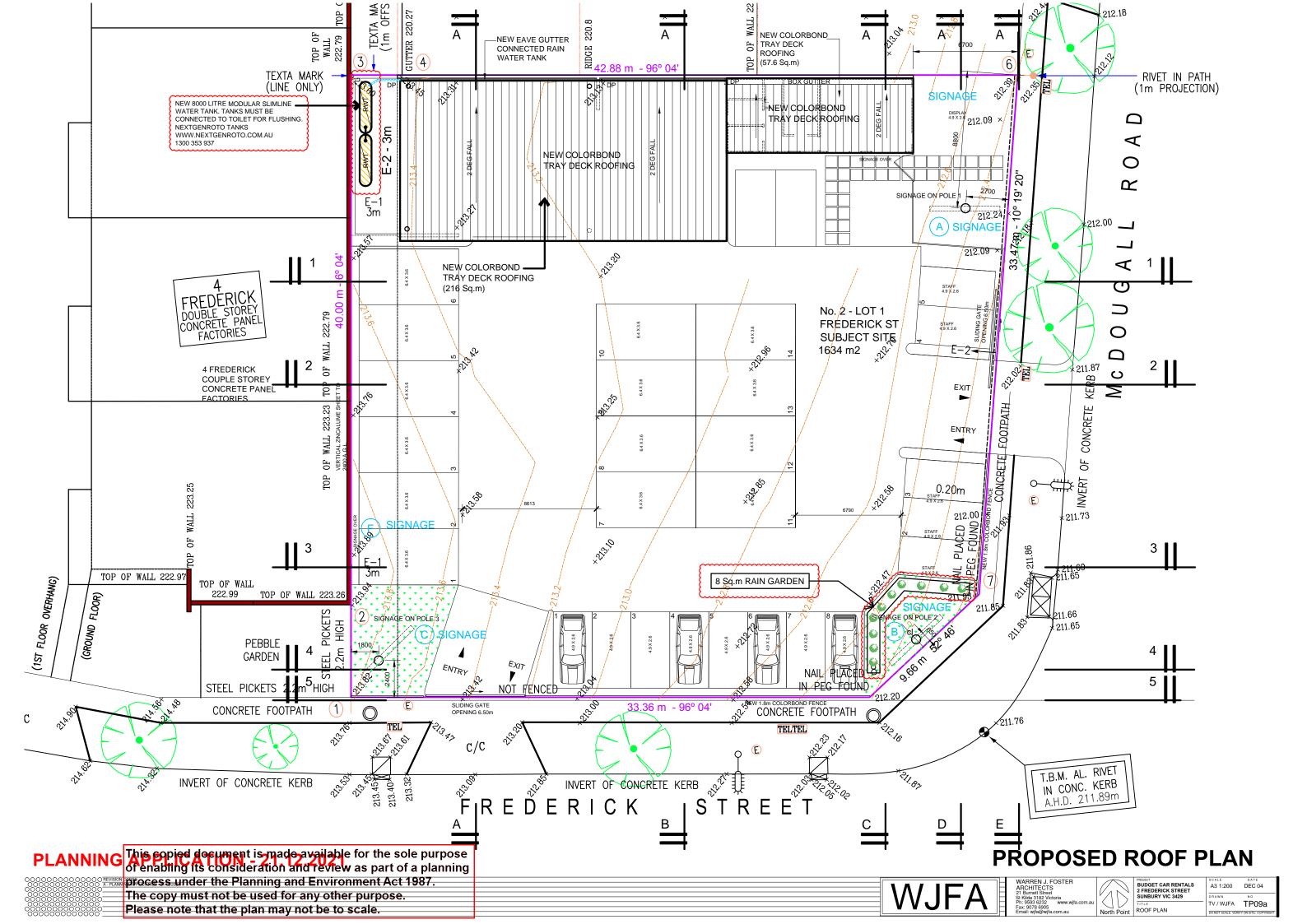


TV/WJFA TP07a

SIGNAGE SCHEDULE			SIGNAGE SCHEDULE		
A	4.5m WIDE X 0.90m HIGH FIXED SIGNAGE ON POLE INTERNALLY ILLUMINATED Budget* Car and Truck Rental	D	4.8m WIDE X 0.70m HIGH FASCIA MOUNTED SIGNAGE NON-ILLUMINATED CORFLUTE Budget* Car and Truck Rental		
В	4.5m WIDE X 0.90m HIGH FIXED SIGNAGE ON POLE INTERNALLY ILLUMINATED Budget Car and Truck Rental	E	4.8m WIDE X 0.70m HIGH FASCIA MOUNTED SIGNAGE NON-ILLUMINATED CORFLUTE Budget* Car and Truck Rental		
С	4.5m WIDE X 0.90m HIGH FIXED SIGNAGE ON POLE INTERNALLY ILLUMINATED Budget Car and Truck Rental	F	7.0m WIDE X 1.0m HIGH FASCIA MOUNTED SIGNAGE NON-ILLUMINATED CORFLUTE Budget* Car and Truck Rental		



rv/wjfa TP08a





2 Frederick Street
Sunbury



Table of Contents

Executive Summary	3
Site Context	4
Subject Site	4
Surrounding Area	5
Planning Provisions	11
State Planning Policies	11
Local Planning Policies	11
Zone	13
Particular Provisions	14
Proposal	17
Assessment	19
Why is a permit required?	19
State Planning Policies	19
Local Planning Policies	19
Zone	24
Particular Provisions	25
Conclusion	30

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Prepared by Buckmaster Town Planning Pty Ltd

Issue Date: 15 June 2021

Version: 1.0

Executive Summary

This planning report has been prepared by Buckmaster Town Planning Pty Ltd, on behalf of Payne Investments Pty Ltd.

The subject site is located within the Industrial 3 Zone and is not affected by any overlays pursuant to the Hume Planning Scheme.

Permission is sought to establish a car rental business on the land at 2 Frederick Street, Sunbury. In this instance planning permission is required for the use and development of the land for the purpose of motor vehicle, boat and caravan sales within the Industrial 3 Zone, for the display of business identification signage and for car parking to be provided the satisfaction of the responsible authority.

The subject site is well positioned to support the proposed use of the site as an Avis and Budget vehicle rental premises (motor vehicle, boat, or caravan sales). The proposal meets the relevant provisions of the Hume Planning Scheme, including the Industrial Local Policy at Clause 22.01, Advertising Signs Local Policy at Clause 22.09; the Industrial 3 Zone, Clause 52.05 - Signage, and Clause 52.06 - Car Parking.

Site Context

Subject Site

The subject site is located on the north-western corner of the intersection of Frederick Street and McDougall Road. The site is irregular in shape, with a frontage of 33.36m to Frederick Street, 33.47m frontage to McDougall Road and a splayed area between the two street frontages of 9.66m. The site has a total area of 1634m².

The site at present is vacant and is covered in grass. A crossover is located on the western side of the Frederick Street frontage.



Photograph of the site at 2 Frederick Street, Sunbury

Surrounding Area

The surrounding area is characterised by industrial and commercial development which is undergoing moderate change. The northern section of McDougall Street consists of older warehouses, generally constructed from concrete, brick and corrugated iron. Car parking is typically located within the frontage of sites. The southern section of McDougall Street and Frederick Street consists of relatively new warehouse developments, generally constructed from concrete and modern in appearance. The car parking is generally located within the front and side setbacks, with landscaping within the front setbacks. Front fencing is common within the area, which is generally transparent.



Aerial area of the subject site and surrounds (Nearmap, May 2021)

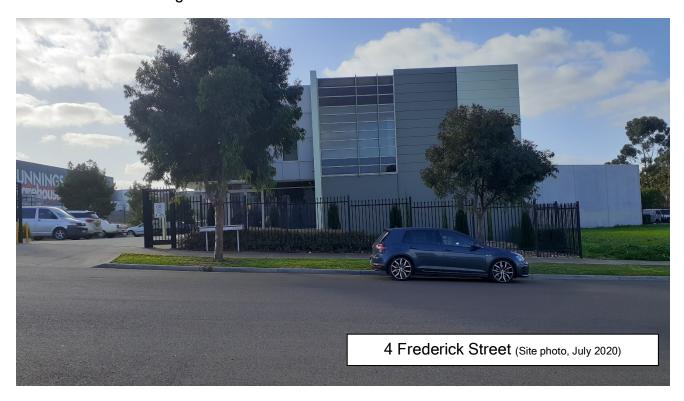
The site to the north consists of two warehouses, with car parking and iron post fencing and gates along the front setback.



The site to the south, on the south-western corner of Frederick Street and McDougall Road, consists of 15 warehouses. Car parking is located within the centre of the site and is access via Frederick Street. Landscaping is located along the street frontage and iron post fencing and gates is located along the western section of the Frederick Street frontage.



The site to the west consists of five warehouses, with car parking along the western side of the site. Low lying landscaping and iron post fencing with gates is located along the Frederick Street frontage.



Further west of the site is the loading dock access to Bunnings Warehouse.



The site to the east consists of a large concrete and timber panel warehouse. Car parking is located to the south of the building, with landscaping located along the McDougall Road and southern boundary. The fencing along the street frontage consists of cyclone wire fencing and gates.



Planning Provisions

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The subject site is located within the Hume Planning Scheme.

State Planning Policies

The sections of the Planning Policy Framework that have particular relevance to this application include:

- Urban Environment (Clause 15.01)
- Urban Design (Clause 15.05-1)
- Urban Design Metropolitan Melbourne (Clause 15.01-1R)
- Building Design (Clause 15.01-2S)
- Sustainable Development (Clause 15.02)
- Sustainable Industry (Clause 17.03-2S)
- Integrated Water Management (Clause 19.03-3S)

Local Planning Policies

The sections of the Local Planning Policy Framework that have particular relevance to this application include:

- Built Environment and Heritage (Clause 21.04)
- Industrial Local Policy (Clause 22.01)
- Advertising Signs Local Policy (Clause 22.09)
- Industrial Stormwater Management Policy (Clause 22.19)

Collectively, these policies provide a local context to the relevant clauses of the Planning Policy Framework.

Built Environment and Heritage at Clause 21.04 aims to ensure the design and layout of new areas is of high quality and achieves the best urban design outcomes. The most relevant objectives within this policy include:

- To improve the image and appearance of Hume Corridor's established areas and deliver high quality development in new growth areas across Hume.
- To enhance the amenity and appearance of industrial and commercial areas.

Industrial Local Policy at Clause 22.01 aims identify the industrial precincts within Hume, ensure that industrial land can be supplied to meet current and anticipated employment needs. The most relevant objectives within this policy include:

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- To ensure that new development is well designed and will enhance the visual and streetscape amenity of the area, particularly along roads with a residential interface.
- To discourage non-industrial uses that have a negative impact on the operation of industrial uses or would be more appropriately located within a Commercial Zone.
- To provide for effective stormwater management as part of new development proposals.
- To establish and maintain a consistently high quality industry and business environment that protects and enhances the investment of those who choose to locate and work within, and the amenity of those who reside near, the City's business parks and industrial areas.

Advertising Signs Local Policy at Clause 22.09 aims to ensure that that signs are displayed in a manner compatible with the character of the surrounding area and avoids visual clutter. The most relevant objectives within this policy include:

- Maintain and enhance the attractiveness and orderly appearance of the City through the siting and appropriate control of advertising signs.
- Ensure that signs do not detract from the amenity and character of the surrounding area.
- Encourage the display of signs based on themes appropriate to the scale and character of the surrounding area.
- Avoid or reduce sign clutter to maximise the effectiveness of individual identification signs.

Industrial Stormwater Management Policy at Clause 22. implements the Urban Stormwater Best Practice Environmental Management Guidelines, CSIRO (1999) to achieve the objectives of the State Environment Protection Policy (Water of Victoria). The most relevant objectives within this policy include:

- To promote the use of water sensitive urban design, including stormwater re-use.
- To mitigate the detrimental effect of development on downstream waterways.
- To apply best practice stormwater management to industrial development and subdivision.
- To minimise peak stormwater flows and stormwater pollutants to improve the health of water bodies.
- To reintegrate urban water into the landscape.
- To ensure that ongoing management practices will prevent materials and waste from reaching groundwater and stormwater drains.

A detailed written response to the most relevant of these policies follows below and is further included within the Planning Assessment section within this report.

Zone

Industrial 3 Zone

The purpose of the Industrial 3 Zone is:

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- To implement the Municipal Planning Strategy and the Planning Policy Framework.
- To provide for industries and associated uses in specific areas where special consideration of the nature and impacts of industrial uses is required or to avoid interindustry conflict.
- To provide a buffer between the Industrial 1 Zone or Industrial 2 Zone and local communities, which allows for industries and associated uses compatible with the nearby community.
- To allow limited retail opportunities including convenience shops, small scale supermarkets and associated shops in appropriate locations.
- To ensure that uses do not affect the safety and amenity of adjacent, more sensitive land uses.



Zoning Map (DELWP, VicPlan)

Under the provisions of the zone, a planning permit is required to use the land for the purpose of a retail premises (motor vehicle, boat or caravan sales). A planning permit is also required for the associated buildings and works.

Advertising signs within this zone are located within Category 2.

Particular Provisions

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The following particular provisions are considered to be relevant to this proposal:

Signs

The purpose of Clause 52.05 is:

- To regulate the development of land for signs and associated structures.
- To ensure signs are compatible with the amenity and visual appearance of an area, including the existing or desired future character.
- To ensure signs do not contribute to excessive visual clutter or visual disorder.
- To ensure that signs do not cause loss of amenity or adversely affect the natural or built environment or the safety, appearance or efficiency of a road.

Clauses 52.05-11 to 52.05-14 specify categories of sign control. The zone provisions specify which category of sign control applies to the zone.

Each category is divided into three sections.

If a sign can be interpreted in more than one way, the most restrictive requirement must be met.

Section 1

A sign in Section 1 of the category may be constructed or put up for display without a permit, but all the conditions opposite the sign must be met. If the conditions are not met, the sign is in Section 2.

Some overlays require a permit for Section 1 signs.

Section 2

A permit is required to construct or put up for display a sign in Section 2.

This does not apply to a sign specified in Clause 52.05-10.

All the conditions opposite the sign must be met. If the conditions are not met, the sign is prohibited.

Section 3

A sign in Section 3 is prohibited and must not be constructed or put up for display.

The subject site is located within Category 2 - Office and Industrial. A planning permit is required to display the following signs:

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- Business identification sign where the total display area exceeds 8 sqm.
- Pole sign where the total display area exceeds 8 sqm.
- Internally illuminated sign where the display area exceeds 1.5 sqm.

Car Parking

The purpose of Clause 52.06 is:

- To ensure that car parking is provided in accordance with the Municipal Planning Strategy and the Planning Policy Framework.
- To ensure the provision of an appropriate number of car parking spaces having regard to the demand likely to be generated, the activities on the land and the nature of the locality.
- To support sustainable transport alternatives to the motor car.
- To promote the efficient use of car parking spaces through the consolidation of car parking facilities.
- To ensure that car parking does not adversely affect the amenity of the locality.
- To ensure that the design and location of car parking is of a high standard, creates a safe environment for users and enables easy and efficient use.

Before:

- a new use commences; or
- the floor area or site area of an existing use is increased; or
- an existing use is increased by the measure specified in Column C of Table 1 in Clause 52.06-5 for that use,

the number of car parking spaces required under Clause 52.06-5 or in a schedule to the Parking Overlay must be provided to the satisfaction of the responsible authority in one or more of the following ways:

- on the land; or
- in accordance with a permit issued under Clause 52.06-3; or
- in accordance with a financial contribution requirement specified in a schedule to the Parking Overlay.

If a schedule to the Parking Overlay specifies a maximum parking provision, the maximum provision must not be exceeded except in accordance with a permit issued under Clause 52.06-3.

Clause 52.06-9 provides design standards for car parking that a development must meet, unless the responsible authority agrees otherwise.

Clause 52.06-6 states that where a use of land is not specified in Table 1 or where a car parking requirement is not specified for the use in another provision of the planning scheme

or in a schedule to the Parking Overlay, before a new use commences or the floor area or site area of an existing use is increased, car parking spaces must be provided to the satisfaction of the responsible authority.

As the proposed use is not listed within Table 1, car parking must be provided to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

Stormwater Management in Urban Development

The purpose of Clause 53.18 is to ensure that stormwater in urban development, including retention and reuse, is managed to mitigate the impacts of stormwater on the environment, property and public safety, and to provide cooling, local habitat and amenity benefits.

- To implement the Municipal Planning Strategy and the Planning Policy Framework.
- To encourage apartment development that provides reasonable standards of amenity for existing and new residents.
- To encourage apartment development that is responsive to the site and the surrounding area.

A development must meet all of the objectives and should meet all of the standards of this clause.

Proposal

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The proposed use is for Motor Vehicle, Boat, or Caravan Sales. Specifically, this use is defined in clause 73.03 as:

'Land used to sell or hire motor vehicles, boats, or caravans. It may include the minor repair or servicing of motor vehicles, boats, or caravans, and the sale or fitting of accessories.'

Use

The site is proposed to be used for the purpose of a Budget vehicle rental and associated motor vehicle workshop.

Staff

A maximum of 4 staff will be on the premises at any one time.

Hours of Operation

The proposed hours of operation are 7:00am to 6:00pm Monday to Sunday.

Buildings and Works

An office/reception area and a workshop is proposed to be constructed along the northern boundary of the site, setback 6.7m from the McDougall Road frontage. The building will have a maximum height of 3.8m.

The workshop will be located to the west of the office/reception area and will be setback 3m from the western boundary. The building will have a maximum height of 4.6m.

Fencing

A 1.8m high iron post fence with gates is proposed along the Frederick Street and McDougall Road frontage.

Car Parking

A total of five (5) car spaces are proposed along the McDougall Road frontage, which will be allocated for staff.

Access

Vehicle access is provided via the existing crossover along the Frederick Street frontage and via a new crossover along the McDougall Road frontage.

Signage

The Industrial 3 Zone identifies that Category 2 Signage provisions apply.

In this instance five (5) signs are proposed. These are summarised in the following table:

Sign	Туре	Size	Location
Ā	Internally Illuminated Business Identification Pole Sign	Width: 4.5m Height: 0.9m Max height: 4.5m Area: 4.05m ²	Located within the north-eastern corner of the site
В	Internally Illuminated Business Identification Pole Sign	Width: 4.5m Height: 0.9m Max height: 4.5m Area: 4.05m ²	Located within south-eastern boundary of the site
С	Internally Illuminated Business Identification Pole Sign	Width: 4.5m Height: 0.9m Max height: 4.5m Area: 4.05m ²	Located within the south-western corner of the site
D	Business Identification (not illuminated)	Width: 7.0m Height: 0.6m Max height: 4.5m Area: 4.2m ²	Located on the southern façade of the workshop.
E	Business Identification (not illuminated)	Width: 7.2m Height: 0.7m Max height: 4.5m Area: 5.04m ²	Located on the southern façade of the office building.

The total amount of signage proposed is as follows:

- Business identification signage proposed is 21.39m²
- Pole signage proposed is 12.15m².
- Internally illuminated signage is 12.15m².

All signs are defined by Clause 73.02 'Sign Terms' as business identification, whilst Signs A-C meet the definition of an internally illuminated sign and pole sign. As the area of the pole signs and business identification signs exceeds 8m² and the internally illuminated signs exceed 1.5m², a planning permit is required for the display of the proposed signs.

Assessment

Why is a permit required?

The proposed development of the land requires a planning permit the use and development of the land for the purpose of Motor Vehicle, Boat, or Caravan Sales. A planning permit is also required to display signage and to provide car parking to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

State Planning Policies

Collectively, these policies seek to encourage the use and development of industrial land in a manner that reflects the character of the area and does not pose a detrimental impact on the adjoining properties or the environment.

Local Planning Policies

Industrial Local Policy

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The following table provides an assessment of the proposed development against the Industrial Local Policy, located within Clause 22.01 of the Hume Planning Scheme.

Policy	Assessment
Subdivision design	N/A
New subdivisions should provide a range of lot sizes	
that cater for different types of employment uses.	
Subdivisions should be designed so that natural	
heritage sites become a feature or focus of the	
development, rather than backing onto these sites.	
New lots should:	
 be at least 4000 square metres in area, 	
where adjoining a road included in a Road	
Zone.	
be at least 800 square metres in area, where	
adjoining any other road;	
have a frontage to a road that is at least 21.2	
metres wide; and	
have a depth of at least 30 metres.	
A clutter of small allotments along major road	
frontages or adjacent to non-industrial zones are	
discouraged.	
Large, 'prestigious' style lots should be located on	
service roads along roads in a Road Zone.	
High amenity, larger scale developments that will	
benefit from close proximity to the metropolitan	
freeway network and Melbourne Airport, are	
encouraged on Annandale Road.	

Policy Assessment **Building setbacks** The building is setback approximately 7m from the Except in established industrial areas where existing McDougall Street frontage and approximately 29m developments have created a uniform, new from the Frederick Street frontage. developments should be setback: Roads included in a Road Zone - 20 metres from a front boundary (including at least a 3 metre landscape strip) Any other road - 6 metres (including a 3 metre landscape strip) plus 0.5 metre per 1000 square metres of site area above 4000 square metres Side boundaries - 5 metres (including a 1.8 metre wide landscape strip) Architecture The proposed development is not adjacent to any Development adjacent to open space area or open area or waterways. waterways should complement the scale and The proposed buildings are of a high standard of appearance of the open space area or waterway design and reflects the character of the area. environs. Buildings in Business Parks proposed for each site should seek to achieve a high standard of design. Outbuildings and/or ancillary installations in Business Parks should be compatible with the design theme established by primary buildings on each site. Plant and equipment in developments in Business Parks should be concealed or, in the case of freestanding structures, appropriately screened from Buildings in Area A of the Northcorp Industrial Park should be designed and finished having a high regard to their prominent position in Camp Road. Specifically, buildings in this Area should address this frontage and Northcorp Boulevard and/or Lakeside Drive, where relevant. **Building materials and finishes** The reception/office area will be finished in painted Buildings should be constructed in masonry or other cemintel sheeting with glazed windows and door, material suited to the type of building and its use with which is similar to many of the other buildings within appropriate use of glazing. the area. External walls should be painted or finished with a quality textured coating. The workshop is a open structure and will be The use of timber as a dominant building material finished in materials that complement the proposed should be avoided, except in the Cooper Street reception/office building and surrounds. precinct buildings constructed of Colorbond materials should be avoided. In the Cooper Street Precinct a combination of Colorbond steel and precast concrete should be used. Buildings constructed of galvanised iron should be avoided unless they are adequately screened from roadways and abutting properties.

Policy	Assessment
Fencing	A 1.8 metre high iron post fencing and gates is
Fencing along the frontage of a site should be low,	proposed along the Frederick Street and McDougall
designed to have a high degree of transparency and	Road frontage. The proposed fencing style and
be located behind the front landscape setback.	height is consistent with the fencing of the properties
Side and rear boundary fences should be black	within the area.
plastic coated cyclone wire.	William and and a
In the Cooper Street Precinct security fencing should	
be black chainmesh or steel. Screen fencing should	
be solid timber, 'earthy' coloured Colorbond steel	
fencing is discouraged.	
Car Parking and Access	Landscaping has been provided between staff car
A 1.5 metre wide landscaped area should be	parking and the buildings along the northern
provided between car parking and buildings/side	boundary. There is ample space for the provision of
property boundaries to provide a visual contrast and	shade trees along the Frederick Street and
ensure safe vehicular movements.	McDougall Street frontage. Shade trees cannot be
Large areas set aside for car parking should be	provided along the western boundary due to the
provided with landscape islands to allow the planting of shade trees and shrubs.	adjoining buildings being constructed along the boundary.
A minimum of one (1) shade tree must be provided	Doundary.
for every 10 car parks, distributed evenly across the	
site to ensure maximum shade potential. All car	
parking areas should be provided with suitable	
lighting to ensure safety and security of users after	
dark.	
Car parking areas external to buildings are	
encouraged to be screened and designed so as not	
to be visible from Vineyard Road.	
Loading and servicing areas should be designed as	
an integral part of the development on each site.	
Land uses generating regular truck movements are	
to provide designated truck parking in addition to	
spaces provided within loading bays.	The standard within the
Storage and disposal of waste	The storage areas have been integrated within the
Where possible, storage areas should be an	workshop and office area.
integrated part of the design of buildings.	
Outside storage areas should be screened and	
designed to prevent the proliferation of litter and	
other material within and beyond the site.	
Frontage setbacks should not be used to store	
goods, materials or waste.	12562 91 101 1 12 22
Lighting	Lighting will not spill beyond the boundaries of the
All lighting should be located, directed and baffled to	site. External lighting has been provided to ensure
limit light spill beyond the site boundaries.	that there is adequate security.
All premises should provide external lighting to	
ensure adequate site security.	
Landscaping	Space for landscaping has been provided within the
Landscaping is to achieve a very high quality and	front setback. A condition requiring a landscaping
appropriately scaled landscape in the front setback,	can be placed on the planning permit should Council
and is to include shade trees.	determine that it is necessary.
Where buildings are not built to side and rear	
boundaries, a landscape screen should be	
established along these boundaries	

Advertising Signs Local Policy

The following table provides an assessment of the proposed development against the design responses of Clause 22.09 - Advertising Signs Local Policy.

Design Response	Assessment
Sign Types	Three pole signs are proposed, with one along each
In the Sunbury Town Centre flashing and animated	road frontage and one along the splay and will be
signs should be avoided.	located within a landscaped area. The pole signs
In Neighbourhood Activity Centres, promotion,	will provide the name of the business that is
animated, sky, floodlit, reflective and pole signs	internally illuminated. Two additional business
should be avoided.	identification signs will be provided along the façade
In Industrial or Business Park areas, illuminated	of the office and workshop. The amount of signage
signs should be enclosed within an internally lit box	is not considered to be excessive and reflects the
or sensitively designed with spot lighting.	character of the area.
In Industrial or Business Park areas freestanding,	
low level signage in the front setback area may be	
considered in association with planting.	
In Business Parks only one sign should be located in	
the front setback area (not including any standard	
business signage provided by the park's developer).	
Size of Signs	The size and number of signs is considered to be
Signs, particularly in rural and residential areas,	necessary to identify the premises.
should be limited in size and number to the minimum	
necessary to identify the premises.	
Design standards	The proposed pole signs will not overhang any part
Signs erected under a verandahs should be:	of the road reserve.
- at least 2.7 metres above the ground to ensure that	
adequate clearance from footpath level is provided.	
- Limited to one sign per shop entry.	
Pole signs should not be erected so as to overhang	
any part of a road reserve.	
Pole signs should not be erected closer to a road	
than a distance equal to half the height of the sign.	
All lighting should be located, directed and baffled to	
limit light spill beyond the site boundaries.	T
Advertising message	The signs will provide the name of the business and
In Neighbourhood Activity Centres the content of the	a brief description of the services provided.
signs should be limited to the name of the business.	
In Activity Centres the display of signs external to	
these centres should be limited to:	
- the name of the centre;	
- identification of the major tenancies or 'anchor'	
businesses; and	
- a brief description of minor tenancies (for example,	
"20 specialty shops").	
For industrial buildings and land uses the content of	
signs should be limited to the name of the business	
and a brief description of the services offered.	

Design Response	Assessment
Off-Site Estate Promotional Panel Signs	N/A
Signs not located on the land subject to subdivision	
('off-site estate promotion signs') should be	
assessed against the following criteria:	
 The width of height should not exceed six 	
metres.	
The individual panel area should not be	
greater than eight square metres.	
An unobstructed area of two metres below	
the sign panel should be provided.	
These signs should be located at least 150	
metres from any other subdivisional	
promotion sign and 250 metres from a sign	
advertising the same estate.	
The number of off-site estate signs promoting a portional state of the state signs	
promoting a particular subdivision should be limited to four.	
These signs should be located within four	
kilometres of the subdivision to which they	
relate.	
The display of off-site estate promotion signs	
along freeways and highways should be	
avoided.	
Pole Signs	The signs will provide the name of the business and
Pole signs should not be erected so as to overhang	a brief description of the services provided.
any part of a road reserve.	The proposed pole signs will be erected closer than
Pole signs which are erected closer to a road than a	the prescribed distance, however the signs are
distance equal to half the height of the sign are	considered to be in a suitable location due to the
discouraged.	size of the site.

Industrial Stormwater Management Policy

The following table provides an assessment of the proposed development against the decision guidelines of Clause 22.19 -Industrial Stormwater Management Policy.

Decision Guidelines	Assessment
The extent to which the development meets the	Complies
objectives and requirements of this policy.	
Whether the proposal is designed and incorporates	Complies
works to maintain, or improve, the quality of	
stormwater within or exiting the site.	
Whether the proposal will significantly add to the	Complies
stormwater discharge or adversely affect water	
quality entering the drainage system.	
Opportunities for water conservation and reuse that	Complies
influence the use of water sensitive urban design.	
The level of ongoing management required to	Complies
achieve and maintain the desired stormwater quality	
measures that will be used during the construction	
phase to prevent a loss of stormwater quality as a	
result of building activities, such as silt traps.	

Zone

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Industrial 3 Zone

The subject site is located within the Industrial 3 Zone and the following is an assessment of the decision guidelines of the zone.

Use

Decision Guidelines	Assessment
The Municipal Planning Strategy and the Planning Policy Framework.	The proposed use complies with the Municipal Planning Strategy and the Planning Policy Framework.
The effect that the use may have on nearby existing or proposed residential areas or other uses which are sensitive to industrial off-site effects, having regard to any comments or directions of the referral authorities	N/A
The effect that nearby industries may have on the proposed use.	The nearby industries will not have an impact on the proposed use of the site.
The drainage of the land.	The site will be drained in accordance with Clause 22.19 and Council requirements.
The availability of and connection to services.	The site can be connected to services.
The effect of traffic to be generated on roads.	The proposed use will not have an impact on traffic or the road network. All vehicles for the car and truck rental facility will be contained within the site, along with staff car parking. Customers will collect the rental vehicle from within the site and will then drop-off the vehicle at the entry of the site. Due to the size of the site, the number of vehicle movements from the site per day will not be significant and will not have an impact on the surrounding properties.
The interim use of those parts of the land not required for the proposed use.	N/A
The effect on nearby industries.	The proposed use will not have an impact on any nearby industries. The use will not significantly increase traffic within the area, will not emit any obtrusive noises or odours.

Buildings and Works

Decision guidelines	Assessment
The Municipal Planning Strategy and the Planning	The proposal complies with the Municipal Planning
Policy Framework.	Strategy and the Planning Policy Framework.
Any natural or cultural values on or near the land.	There are no natural or cultural values on or near the
	land.
Streetscape character	The proposed development reflects the streetscape
	character. The buildings are setback in accordance
	with Clause 22.01 - Industrial Policy, the fencing is
	similar the fencing style on the adjoining properties
	and landscaping has been provided along the street
	frontage.

Decision guidelines	Assessment
Built form	The proposed buildings are lower in height than the
	adjoining building buildings within the area. The
	building will encompass a small section of the site
	due to the storage of cars and trucks. The building
	will be finished in cimintel sheeting, which reflects
	the character of the area.
Landscape treatment	Landscaping is to be provided along the Frederick
	Street and McDougall Road frontage.
Interface with non-industrial areas	N/A
Parking and site access	The majority of the site will consist of car parking due
	to the nature of the business. Customers will park
	their returned vehicles at the entry of the site and the
	vehicles will be returned to their designated spaces
	by a staff member. The staff car parking will be
	located along the McDougall Road frontage, which
	comply with the requirements of Clause 52.06.
Loading and service areas	N/A
Outdoor storage	All storage will be contained within the buildings.
Lighting	The site will be well-lit.
Stormwater discharge	Stormwater discharge will be provided in accordance
	with Clause 22.19 and Council requirements.
The effect on nearby industries	The proposed development will not have an impact
	on nearby industries as the development is relatively
	small in scale.
The effect of nearby industries	The proposed use complements the nearby
	industries.

Particular Provisions

Signage

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The following table provides an assessment of the proposed development against the decision guidelines of Clause 22.05 - Signage.

Decision Guideline	Response
 The character of the area including: The sensitivity of the area in terms of the natural environment, heritage values, waterways and open space, rural landscape or residential character. The compatibility of the proposed sign with the existing or desired future character of the area in which it is proposed to be located. The cumulative impact of signs on the character of an area or route, including the need to avoid visual disorder or clutter of signs. The consistency with any identifiable outdoor advertising theme in the area. 	The proposed signage will not have an impact on the character of the area no will it cause any visual disorder or clutter.

Decision Guideline	Response	
Impacts on views and vistas: The potential to obscure or compromise important views from the public realm. The potential to dominate the skyline. The potential to impact on the quality of significant public views. The potential to impede views to	The proposed signage will not dominate the skyline nor will it impede the views to any existing signs. The pole signs are lower than the proposed workshop and the adjoining properties.	
existing signs.		
 The relationship to the streetscape, setting or landscape: The proportion, scale and form of the proposed sign relative to the streetscape, setting or landscape. The position of the sign, including the extent to which it protrudes above existing buildings or landscape and natural elements. The ability to screen unsightly built or other elements. The ability to reduce the number of signs by rationalising or simplifying signs. The ability to include landscaping to reduce the visual impact of parts of the 	The proposed pole signs reflect the scale of the site. The signs are lower than the proposed workshop and the adjoining property to the west. The pole signs are located within the front setback, which is proposed to be landscaped, which will soften the overall appearance of the sign. Two business identification signs are proposed along the office and workshop, which do not protrude above the proposed building.	
sign structure The relationship to the site and building: The scale and form of the sign relative to the scale, proportion and any other significant characteristics of the host site and host building. The extent to which the sign displays innovation relative to the host site and host building. The extent to which the sign requires the removal of vegetation or includes new landscaping.	The proposed signs reflect the scale of the site and buildings within the site. The site is currently void of any landscaping, however, landscaping is proposed along the boundaries where the signs are proposed to be located.	
The impact of structures associated with the sign: The extent to which associated structures integrate with the sign. The potential of associated structures to impact any important or significant features of the building, site, streetscape, setting or landscape, views and vistas or area	N/A	
The impact of any illumination: The impact of glare and illumination on the safety of pedestrians and vehicles. The impact of illumination on the amenity of nearby residents and the amenity of the area. The potential to control illumination temporally or in terms of intensity	The proposed pole signs will be internally illuminated. The signs will be designed to reduce the impact of glare and illumination on the safety of pedestrians and vehicles. The proposed signage will not be visible from any residential properties and will not have an impact on the amenity of the area.	

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Decision Guideline	Response	
The impact of any logo box associated with the	The logo box is suitable as it is in proportion with	
sign:	the sign.	
 The extent to which the logo box forms an integral part of the sign through its position, lighting and any structures used to attach the logo box to the sign. The suitability of the size of the logo box in relation to its identification purpose and the size of the sign. 		
The need for identification and the opportunities for adequate identification on the site or locality.	The signage is required to ensure that customers can easily identify the site.	
for adequate identification on the site of locality.	customers can easily identity the site.	

Car parking

Relevant to this application, the proposal must provide car parking to the satisfaction of the responsible authority as the use of the land for a retail premises (motor vehicle, boat, or caravan sales) is not specified in Table 1 of Clause 52.06.

The site will have a total of 5 car spaces that will be dedicated to staff car parking. Given that the site will have four staff, the number of car spaces provided is adequate.

Customer car parking has not been provided as due to the nature of the business customer car parking is not required. The site will be used for the short and long term hire of rental cars, 4WDs and rigid commercial vehicles. Customers who are hiring these vehicles will generally be driven to the site or arrive by other means, such as a taxi or public transport. The rental vehicles are stored within the site and a staff member drives the vehicle to the forecourt to demonstrate the features and operation to the customer, who will then leave with the vehicle. When the customer returns the vehicle, it will be returned to the entry and the customer will make their own arrangements to leave the site.

In light of the comments above, the proposed use provided adequate car parking.

Stormwater Management in Urban Development

Relevant to this application, the proposal must meet all of the objectives contained within clauses 52.18-5 & 53.18-6 and should meet all of the standards contained within clauses 52.18-5 & 53.18-6.

Stormwater Management Objectives for Buildings and Works

Objectives Standard W2 To encourage stormwater management that Meet the current best practice performance objectives for maximises the retention and reuse of stormwater quality as contained in the Urban Stormwater stormwater. Best Practice Environmental Management Guidelines (Victorian Stormwater Committee, 1999). To encourage development that reduces the impact of stormwater on the drainage Minimise the impact of chemical pollutants and other system and filters sediment and waste from toxicants including by, but not limited to, bunding and stormwater prior to discharge from the site. covering or roofing of storage, loading and work areas. To encourage stormwater management that Contribute to cooling, improving local habitat and providing contributes to cooling, local habitat attractive and enjoyable spaces. improvements and provision of attractive and enjoyable spaces. To ensure that industrial and commercial chemical pollutants and other toxicants do not enter the stormwater system.

Response:

The proposed development is considered to be consistent with these objectives for the following reasons:

- The development is capable of providing on-site retention as part of an engineered drainage system for the site.
- The development is capable of accommodating rainwater tanks for use on landscaping and within the dwellings (as appropriate).

Site Management Objectives (Clause 53.18-6)

Objectives	Standard W3	
To protect drainage infrastructure and receiving waters from sedimentation and contamination.	An application should describe how the site will be managed prior to and during the construction period and may set out requirements for managing:	
To protect the site and surrounding area from environmental degradation prior to and during construction of subdivision works.	 Erosion and sediment. Stormwater. Litter, concrete and other construction wastes. Chemical contamination. 	

Response:

The proposed development is considered to be consistent with these objectives as the subject site is not located within proximity of any known environmentally sensitive areas. Should Council require the preparation of a Construction Management Plan that addresses 'water quality during construction', it is requested that this be required as a condition of permit.

Conclusion

The proposed development of the land at 2 Frederick Street, Sunbury, for the use and development of the land for a motor vehicle, boat and caravan sales; the installation of signage and for the provision of car parking to the satisfaction of the responsible authority, is considered to be consistent with the Hume Planning Scheme. In particular:

- The proposal is meets the Municipal Planning Strategy and the Planning Policy Framework.
- The proposed use will not have an impact on the amenity of the area and is consistent with the decision guidelines of the Industrial 3 Zone and Clause 22.01 -Local Industrial Policy.
- The proposed buildings and works reflects the character of the area and is compliant with the decision guidelines of the Industrial 3 Zone and Clause 22.01 - Local Industrial Policy.
- The proposed signage meets the decision guidelines of Clause 22.09 Advertising Signage Policy, and Clause 52.05 - Signage.
- The site provides adequate car parking within the site that will be to the satisfaction of Council as per Clause 52.06 - Car Parking.

On balance, the proposed development is considered to be appropriate and consistent with the intended outcomes expressed in the Hume Planning Scheme.



8

Traffic Engineering

2 Frederick Street, Sunbury
Proposed Change of Use to a Motor, Boat or Caravan Sales Facility
Traffic Impact Assessment





Contents

1	introduc	duction and Scope1		
2	Existing	Conditions	2	
	2.1	The Site	2	
	2.2	Road Network	3	
	2.3	Public Transport Services	5	
3	The Prop	posal	6	
	3.1	Development Summary	6	
	3.2	Site Operation	6	
4	Parking I	Requirement and Provision	7	
5	Traffic G	eneration and its Impact	8	
	5.1	Traffic Generated by the Proposal	8	
	5.2	Existing Traffic Generated by the Site	8	
	5.3	Impact of Site Generated Traffic	8	
6	Parking a	and Access Area Design	9	
	6.1	Site Access and Car Parking Layout	9	
	6.2	Car Park Layout	9	
	6.3	Response to Clause 52.06-9 Design Standards	9	
7	Summar	y and Conclusions	.2	
App	endix A	Development Plans		
App	endix B	Swept Path Diagrams		



1 Introduction and Scope

TTM Consulting (Vic) Pty Ltd has been engaged by the Applicant to prepare a traffic engineering report for the development a proposed Motor Vehicle, Boat, or Caravan Sales facility at 2 Frederick Street, Sunbury.

This report includes an assessment of the traffic and parking implications for the Planning Application, including:

- Review of the existing conditions at the site and on the surrounding road network.
- Review the car parking requirements, likely demand to be generated by the proposal.
- The adequacy of the proposed car parking provision.
- The adequacy of the proposed car parking layout and site access.
- The traffic likely to be generated and distributed by the proposed development and its impacts on the adjacent road network.

The report concludes there are no traffic or parking grounds which should warrant refusal of the sought planning permit.

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Site: 2 Frederick Street, Sunbury Reference: 11401R9178.DOC



2 Existing Conditions

2.1 The Site

The site is located at 2 Frederick Street, Sunbury and has an area of 1,634 square metres.

The subject site is currently vacant and a corner block with 33.36 metres site frontage to Frederick Street along the southern boundary of the site and 33.47 metres site frontage to McDougall Road along the eastern boundary. The site is zoned Industrial 3 Zone (IN3Z) in the Hume Planning Scheme.

Figure 2.1 shows the location of the site within the broader area and Figure 2.2 shows the site zoning along with the surrounding land zones.

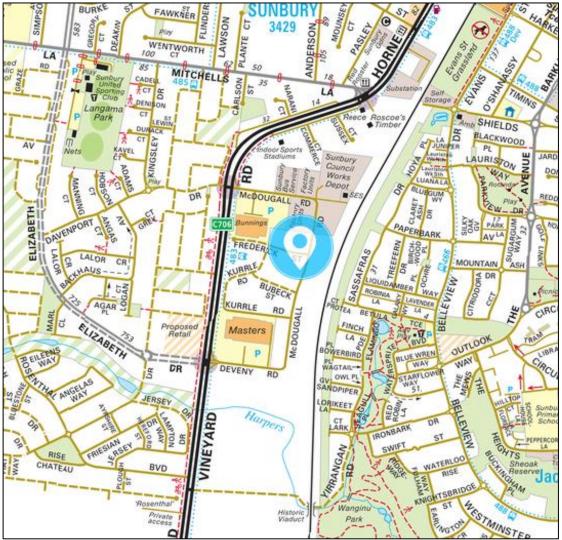


Figure 2.1: Site Location



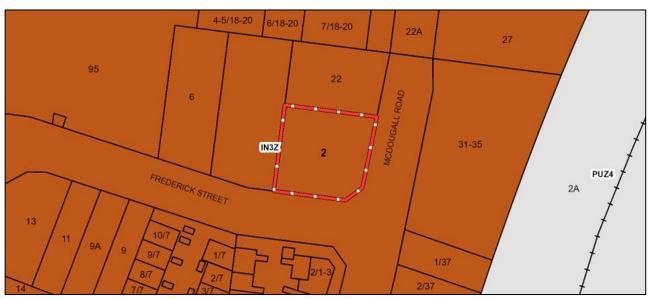


Figure 2.2: Site Zoning

2.2 Road Network

Frederick Street is local road with a 12 metres wide single carriageway comprising a travel lane in each direction and parallel kerbside parking on both sides of the carriageway.

Figure 2.3 shows the configuration of Frederick Street along the site frontage.



Figure 2.3: Frederick Street Configuration (Facing West)



McDougall Road is local road that has a single 12 metres wide carriageway which consists of one travel lane in each direction and parallel kerbside parking on both sides of the carriageway.

Figure 2.4 shows the configuration of McDougall Road along the vacant site.



Figure 2.4: McDougall Road Configuration (Facing North)



2.3 Public Transport Services

The public transport services shown in Table 2.1 are proximate to the site and indicated on Figure 2.5

Table 2.1: Public Transport Service

Service	Route No.	Route	Closest Stop
Train	-	Sunbury Line	Sunbury Train Station is about 2.2 km from the site.
Bus	483	Moonee Ponds to Diggers Rest	Nearest stop is 650 metres from the site

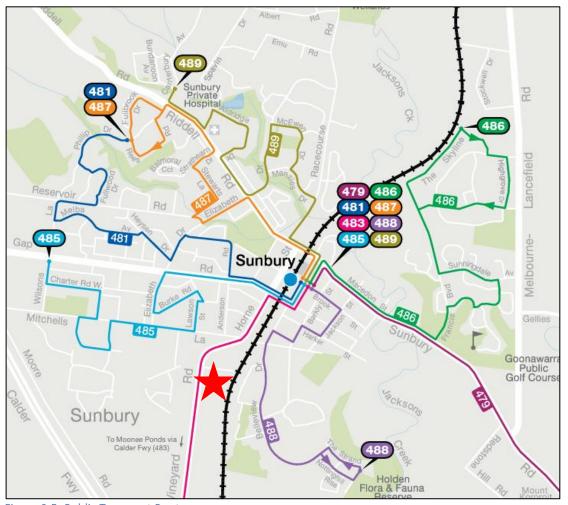


Figure 2.5: Public Transport Routes



3 The Proposal

3.1 Development Summary

The Applicant has lodged a Planning Application for the purpose of Motor Vehicle, Boat, or Caravan Sales and the display floodlit business identification signs at 2 Frederick Street, Sunbury.

The following table provides a summary of the inventory on the site.

Table 3.1: Site Inventory

Item	Inventory
Site Area	1,634 sqm
On-site Car Parking Spaces	15 no. (191.sqm)
Gross Floor Area	1,442.9 sqm
On-site truck parking spaces	14no.
Truck Wash and Repair Area	Note
Reception/Office Building	Note

Vehicle access to the site will be via two new vehicle crossovers that both allow entry and exit movements. There is one crossover on Frederick Street and one crossover on McDougall Road.

A copy of the existing and proposed development plans can be seen in Appendix A.

3.2 Site Operation

The Applicant operates several an identical business around metropolitan Melbourne.

The Applicant has provided the following operational details that are consistent across most sites:

- Peak staff attendance at each site is up to six (6) staff which include administration staff and vehicle maintenance staff.
- Staff travel to the site is typically by car with staff parking on-site however in some inner-city location staff use public transport, walk or cycle from home.
- Customers will arrive at the site in their own vehicle and effectively swap parking with the vehicle they are hiring alternatively they dropped at the site in a private vehicle, a CPV (Uber or Taxi), cycle or walk to the site.



4 Parking Requirement and Provision

Clause 52.06-5 of the Planning Scheme outlines the parking requirement for the subject site.

The proposed use, a Motor Vehicle, Boat, or Caravan Sales is nested under 'retail premises'. The maximum car parking space rates for the proposed development is summarised in the table below.

Table 4.1: Maximum Car Parking Provision

Land Use	Maximum Provision	Inventory	Requirement
Retail Premise	1 space per 100 sqm of gross floor area	1,442.9 sqm	14 no.

The proposal has provision for 15 on-site parking spaces thus the proposal provides on-site parking in excess of the requirements of the Planning Scheme.

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Site: 2 Frederick Street, Sunbury Reference: 11401R9178.DOC



5 Traffic Generation and its Impact

5.1 Traffic Generated by the Proposal

Traffic generated at the site access will be limited to that generated by customers collecting and returning rental vehicles only. This activity will be spread throughout the day from 7:00am to 7:00pm, so the generation of traffic from the site will be spread across the day with minimal difference at peak times of the day.

The RTA Guidelines (NSW) include vehicle traffic generation rates for a range of land uses. Whilst a Vehicle Rental business is not specifically listed, the land use most similar to the proposed operation is a Motor Showroom. The traffic generation rates for this use are follows:

- Daily Vehicle trips 5 per 100sqm of floor area
- Evening peak hour vehicle trips 0.5 per 100sqm of floor area

For this development with a floor area of 1,442.9 sqm the estimated traffic generation is as follows.

Table 5.1: Estimated Traffic Generation

	Rate	Inventory	Vehicle Movements
Daily Vehicle Trips	5 per 100 sqm	1,442.9 sqm	72 vehicles per day
Evening Peak Hour Vehicle Trips	0.5 per sqm	1,442.9 sqm	7 vehicles per hour

5.2 Existing Traffic Generated by the Site

The subject site is currently vacant however when the subject site and surrounding land was considered for rezoning a traffic assessment would have been undertaken.

For Industrial zoned land an assessment would have been undertaken on the basis of a warehouse and adoption of a 50% plot ratio of the site. The following table includes a summary of the traffic generation based upon the RTA guide to traffic generation and the above plot ratio.

Table 5.2: RTA Traffic Generation

Use	Inventory	Daily Vehicle Trips		Evening Peak Hour Vehicle Trips	
		Rate	vpd	Rate	vph
Warehouse	817 sqm	4 per 100 sqm	32	0.5 per sqm	4

5.3 Impact of Site Generated Traffic

Based upon the above traffic generation the subject site will generate slightly more traffic to than of a warehouse us on the site however the additional traffic will have no impact on the existing conditions on the local road network.



6 Parking and Access Area Design

6.1 Site Access and Car Parking Layout

Entry and exit vehicular accesses to the site are proposed from both Frederick Street and McDougall Road. Both crossovers are 6.4 metres which is adequate for two-way vehicle movements.

Swept path diagrams have been prepared using Vehicle Tracking to confirm vehicle access for the largest size vehicle that will access the site being a Small Rigid Vehicle (SRV). The swept paths are attached in Appendix B confirm that there is adequate manoeuvring space.

6.2 Car Park Layout

The car park includes provision for 15 on-site car parking spaces and 14 truck parking spaces. The car parking spaces are a minimum 2.6 metres wide by 4.9 metres long, with the truck parking spaces 6.4 metres long.

The parking bay sizes and aisle widths about the site are appropriate in size and accessibility.

6.3 Response to Clause 52.06-9 Design Standards

Clause 52.06-9 of the Planning Scheme outlines design criteria for car parking and accessways. The following table provides a response to each of the relevant design criteria.

Table 6.1: Clause 52.06-9 Design Standards

Clause 52.06-9 design criteria	TTM Response				
Design Standard 1 - Accessways					
Be at least 3 metres wide.	Satisfied.				
Have an internal radius of at least 4 metres at changes of direction or intersection or be at least 4.2 metres wide.	Satisfied				
Allow vehicles parked in the last space of a dead-end accessway in public car parks to exit in a forward direction with one manoeuvre.	Not Applicable				
Provide at least 2.1 metres headroom beneath overhead obstructions, calculated for a vehicle with a wheelbase of 2.8 metres.	Satisfied.				
If the accessway serves 4 or more car spaces or connects to a road in a Road Zone, the accessway must be designed so that cars can exit the site in a forward direction.	Satisfied.				

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Site: 2 Frederick Street, Sunbury Reference: 11401R9178.DOC



Clause 52.06-9 design criteria			TTM Response	
Provide a passing area at the entrance at least 6.1 metres wide and 7 metres long if the accessway serves 10 or more car parking spaces and is either more than 50 metres long or connects to a road in a Road Zone.			Satisfied.	
obstructions road from th exit lane fro pedestrians of clear of visual exit lane who landscaped a	extending at leading at leading at leading at leading and the frontage on the footpath all obstructions mere more than	at least 50 percent ast 2 metres alon it lane and 2.5 me e, to provide a of the frontage of hay include an adj 1 lane is provide the landscaping in	g the frontage etres along the clear view of road. The area jacent entry or d, or adjacent	Satisfied.
in a Road Zor		e car parking space the car spaces mageway.		Not Applicable.
Design Stand	lard 2 – Car park	sing spaces		
Dimensions	of car parking sp	aces and accessw	ays – Table 2.	Satisfied.
סוווופוואוטווא (or car parking sp			
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Table 2: Minimu Angle of car pa spaces to access way Parallel 45° 60° 90°	## Accessway v 3.6 m 3.5 m 4.9 m 6.4 m 5.8 m 5.2 m 4.8 m	2.3 m 2.6 m 2.6 m 2.6 m 2.8 m 3.0 m 3.2 m	Car space length 6.7 m 4.9 m	
Angle of car pa spaces to access way Parallel 45° 60° 90°	## dimensions of car ### Accessway v 3.6 m	2.3 m 2.6 m 2.6 m 2.6 m 2.8 m 3.0 m 3.2 m	Car space length 6.7 m 4.9 m	
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Australian Standard AS2890.6-2009 (disabled).



Clause 52.06-9 design criteria	TTM Response
A wall, fence, column, tree, tree guard or any other structure that abuts a car space must not encroach into the area marked 'clearance required' on Diagram 1, other than: A column, tree or tree guard, which may project into a space	Satisfied.
if it is within the area marked 'tree or column permitted' on Diagram 1.	
A structure, which may project into the space if it is at least 2.1 metres above the space.	
Diagram 1 Clearance to car parking spaces	
Car Space Dimensions in millimetres Accessway Clearance required Tree or column permitted	
Car spaces in garages or carports must be at least 6 metres long and 3.5 metres wide for a single space and 5.5 metres wide for a double space measured inside the garage or carport.	Not Applicable.
Where parking spaces are provided in tandem (one space behind the other) an additional 500 mm in length must be provided between each space.	Not Applicable.
Where two or more car parking spaces are provided for a dwelling, at least one space must be under cover.	Not Applicable.
Disabled car parking spaces must be designed in accordance with Australian Standard AS2890.6-2009 (disabled) and the Building Code of Australia. Disabled car parking spaces may encroach into an accessway width specified in Table 2 by 500mm.	Satisfied.

The proposed development satisfies all sections of the relevant design criteria outlined in Clause 52.06-9 of the Planning Scheme.



7 Summary and Conclusions

The Applicant has lodged an application for a Motor Vehicle, Boat, or Caravan Sales facility at 2 Frederick Street, Sunbury. The proposal is appropriate from a traffic and parking context.

The analysis of the development is summarised as follows:

- The Applicant has on-site parking provision in accordance with the Clause 52.06 of the Planning Scheme.
- The expected traffic generation will have no adverse impact on the adjacent road network.
- The car park layout and site access is appropriate.

When considering the above, the proposed development is appropriate from a traffic engineering perspective.

TTM Consulting (Vic) Pty Ltd

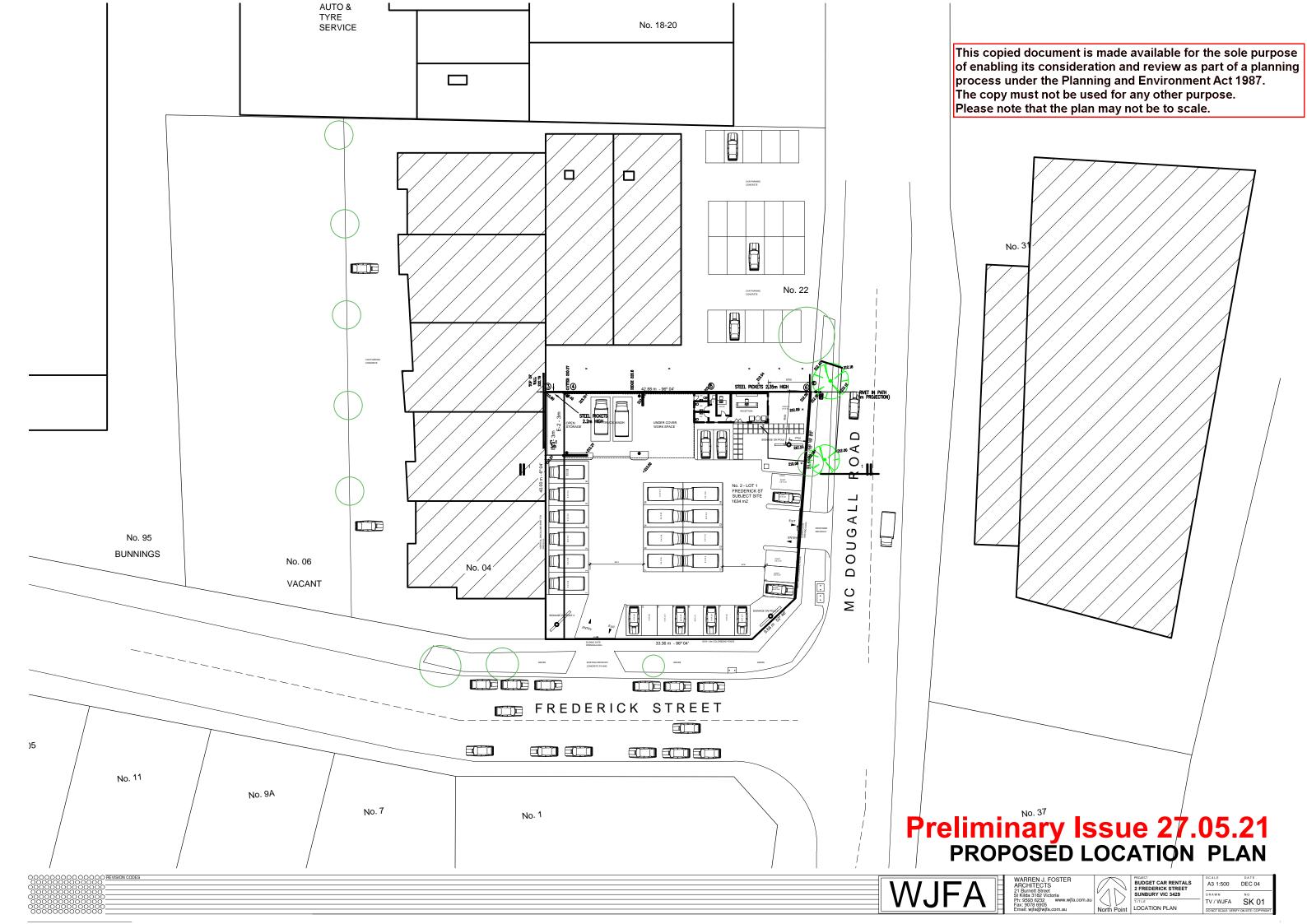
Peter Chan

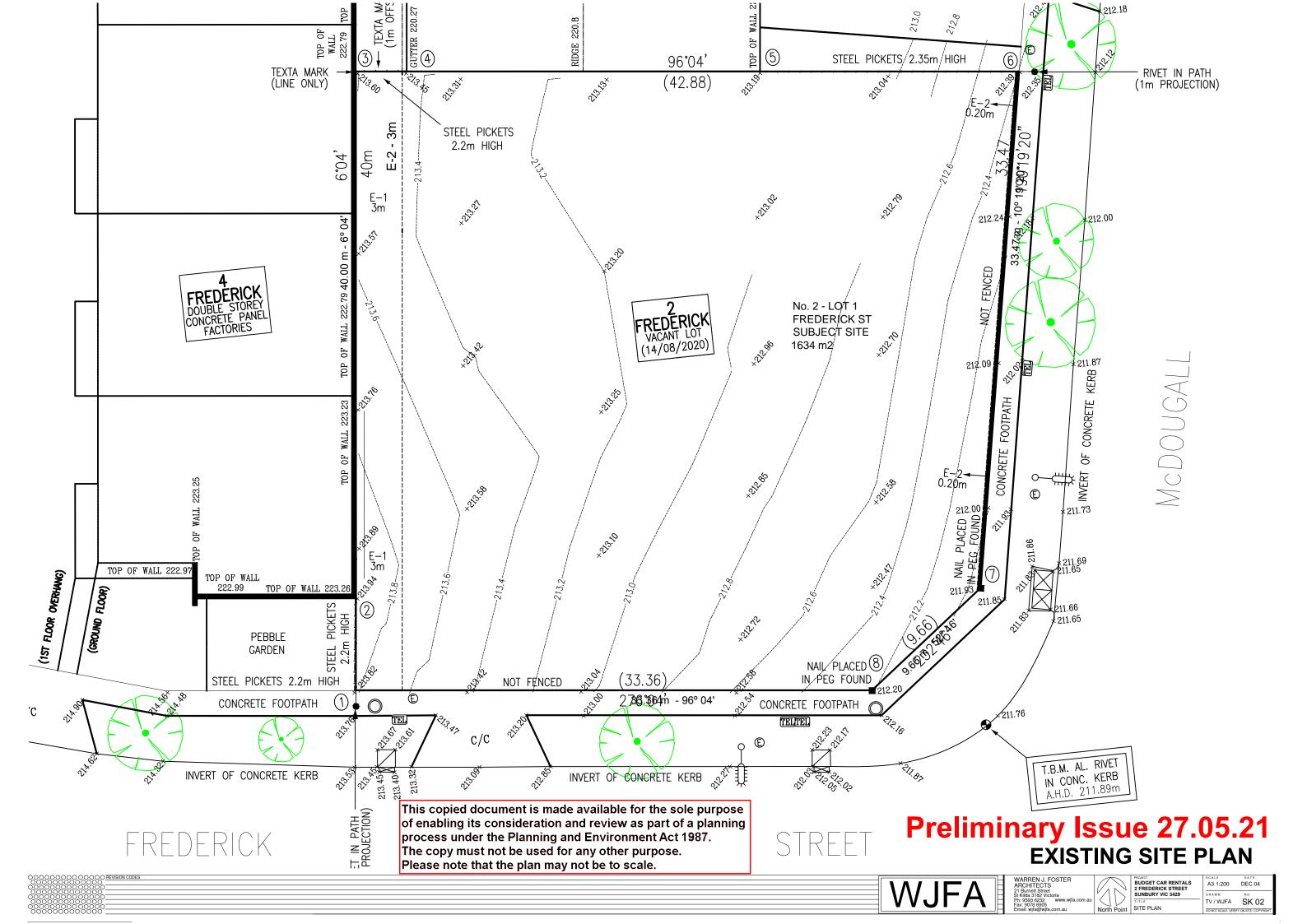
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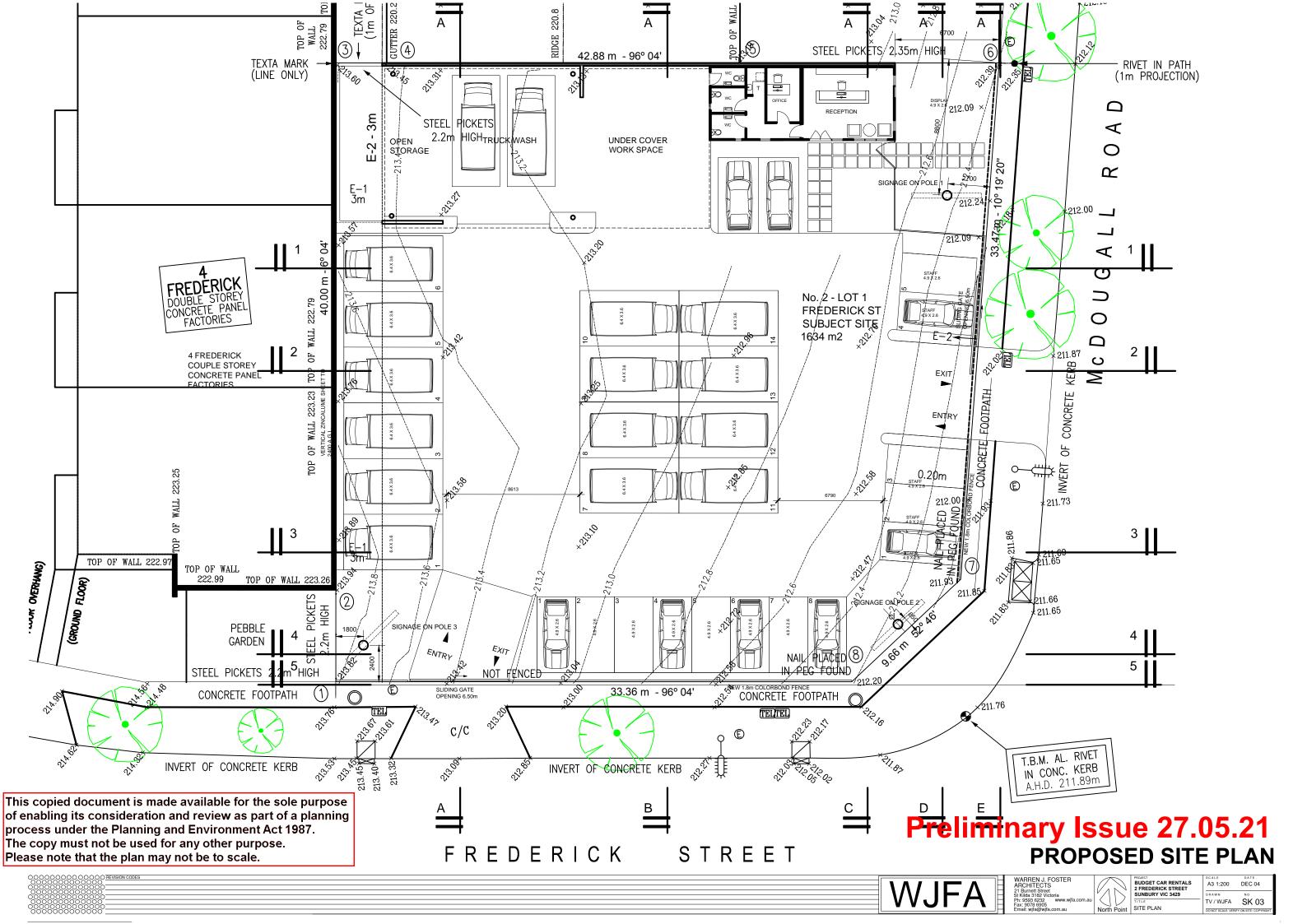
No.	Author	Reviewed/Approved	Description	Date
1.	P. Chan	D. Hancox	Initial Report	8/10/2021

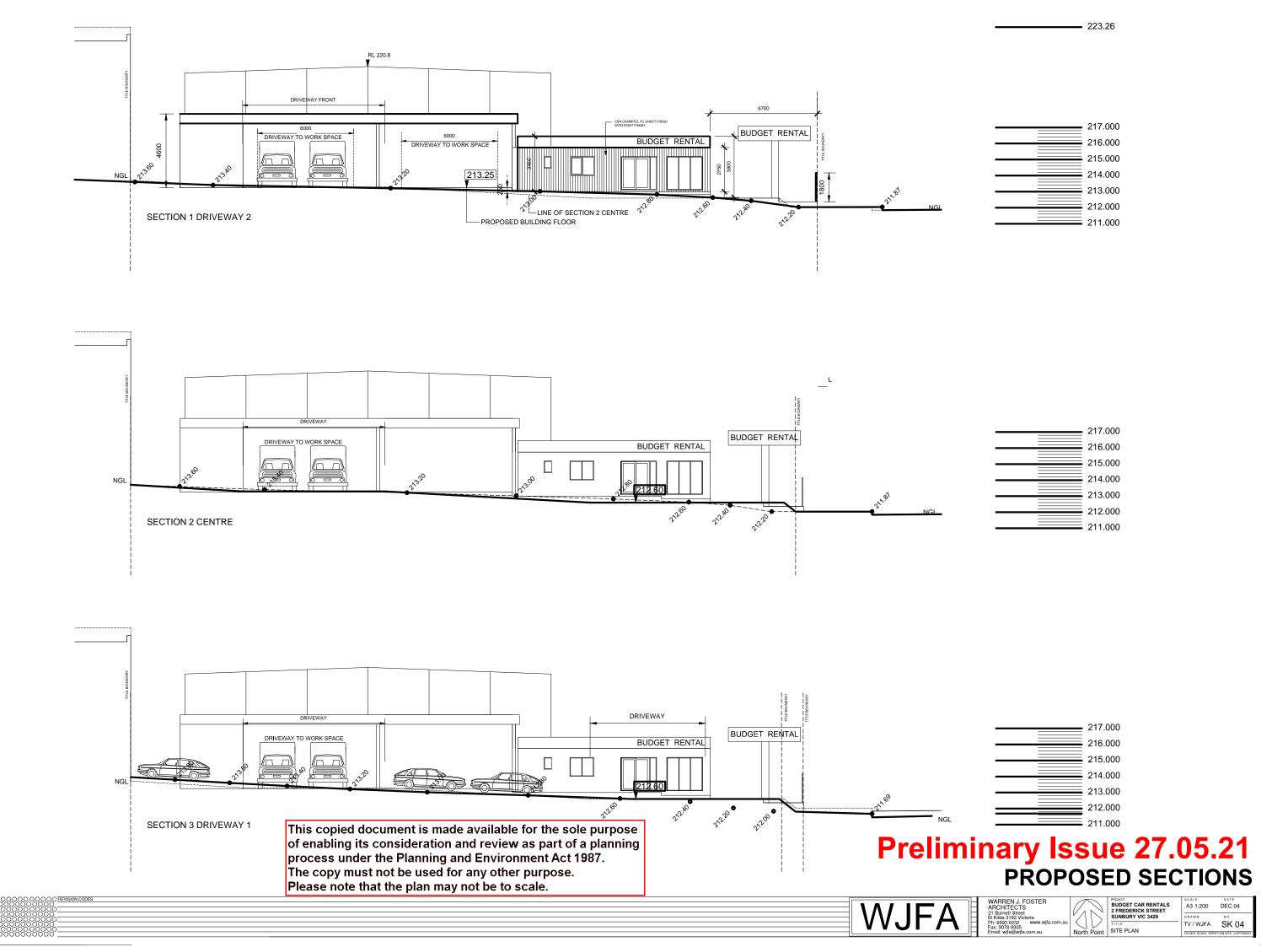
Site: 2 Frederick Street, Sunbury Reference: 11401R9178.DOC

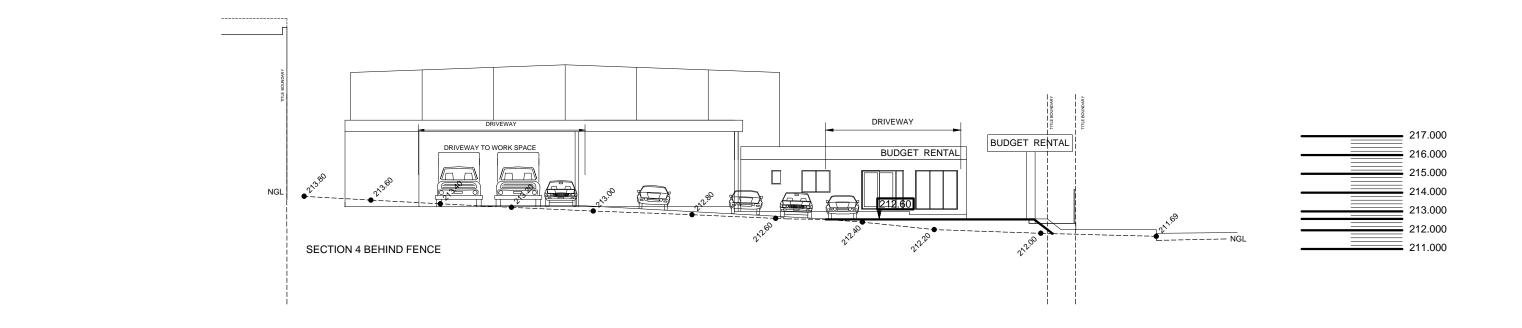
Appendix A Development Plans

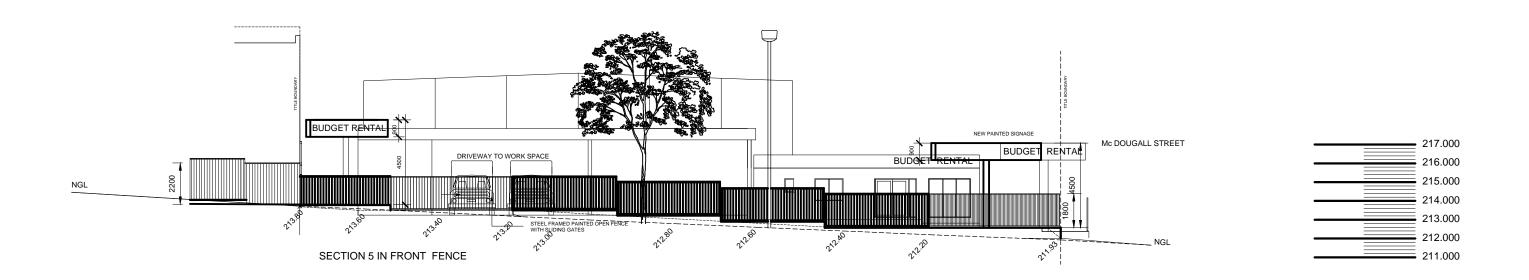










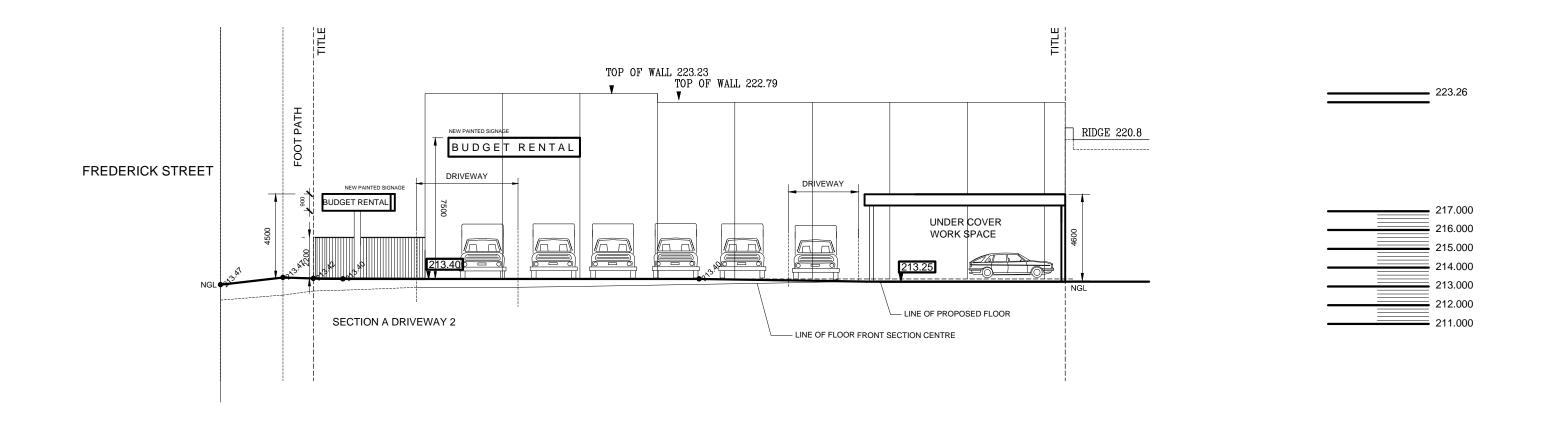


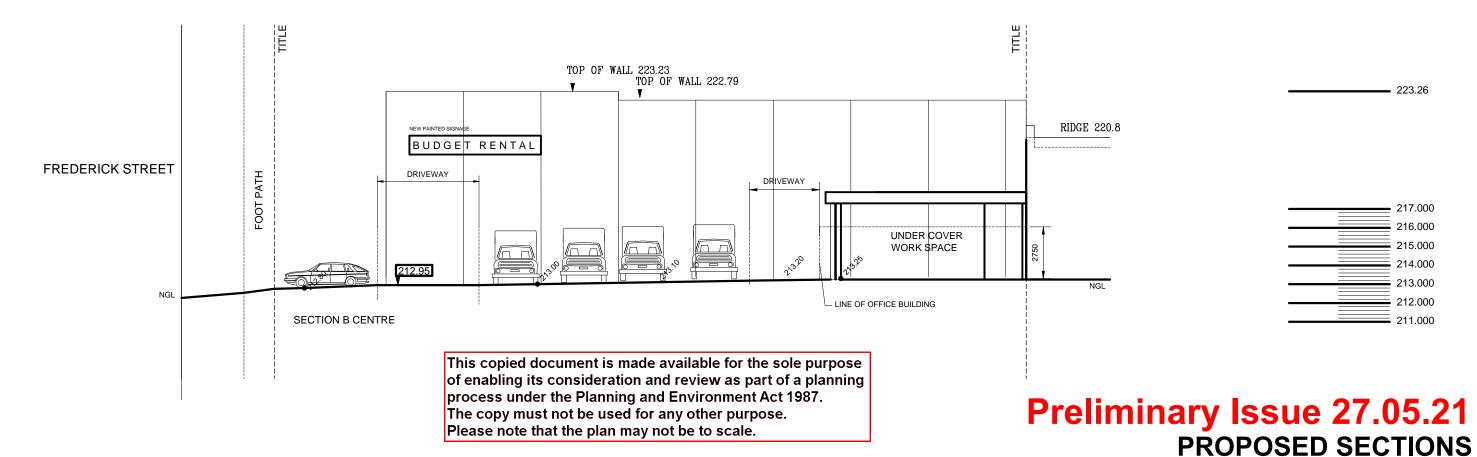
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Preliminary Issue 27.05.21 PROPOSED SECTIONS

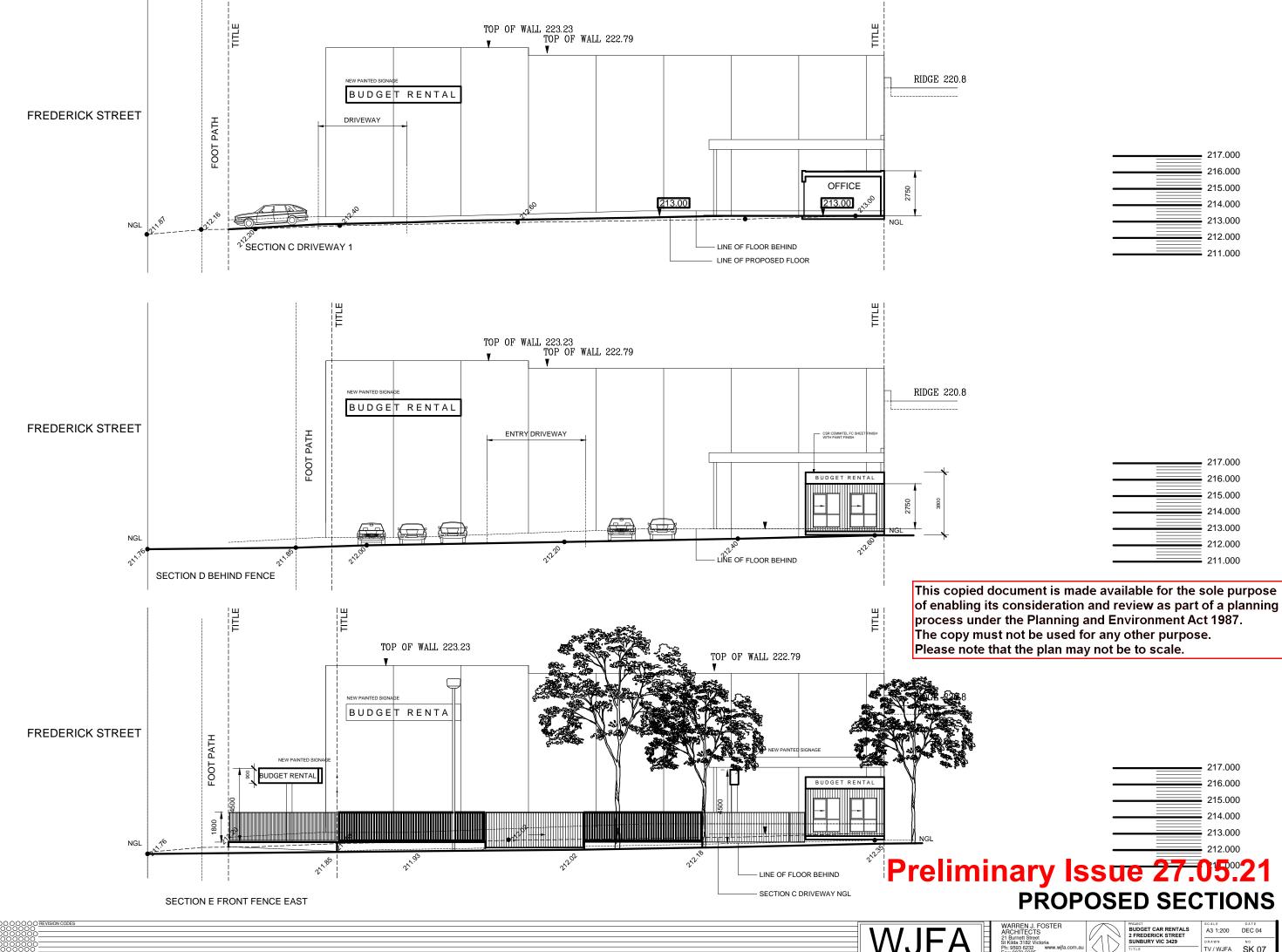




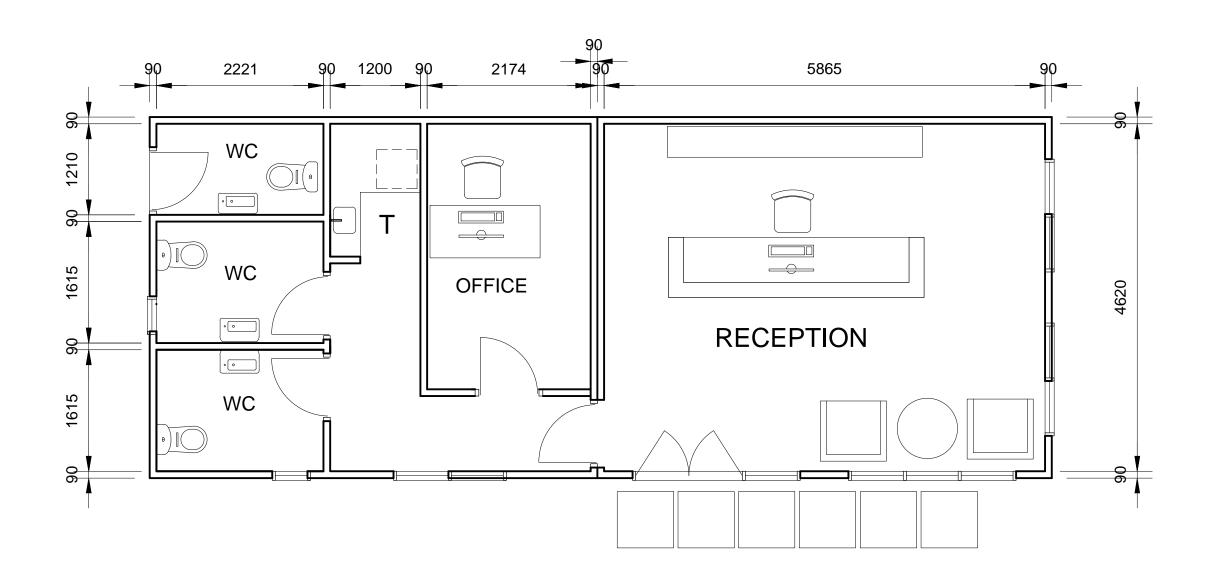




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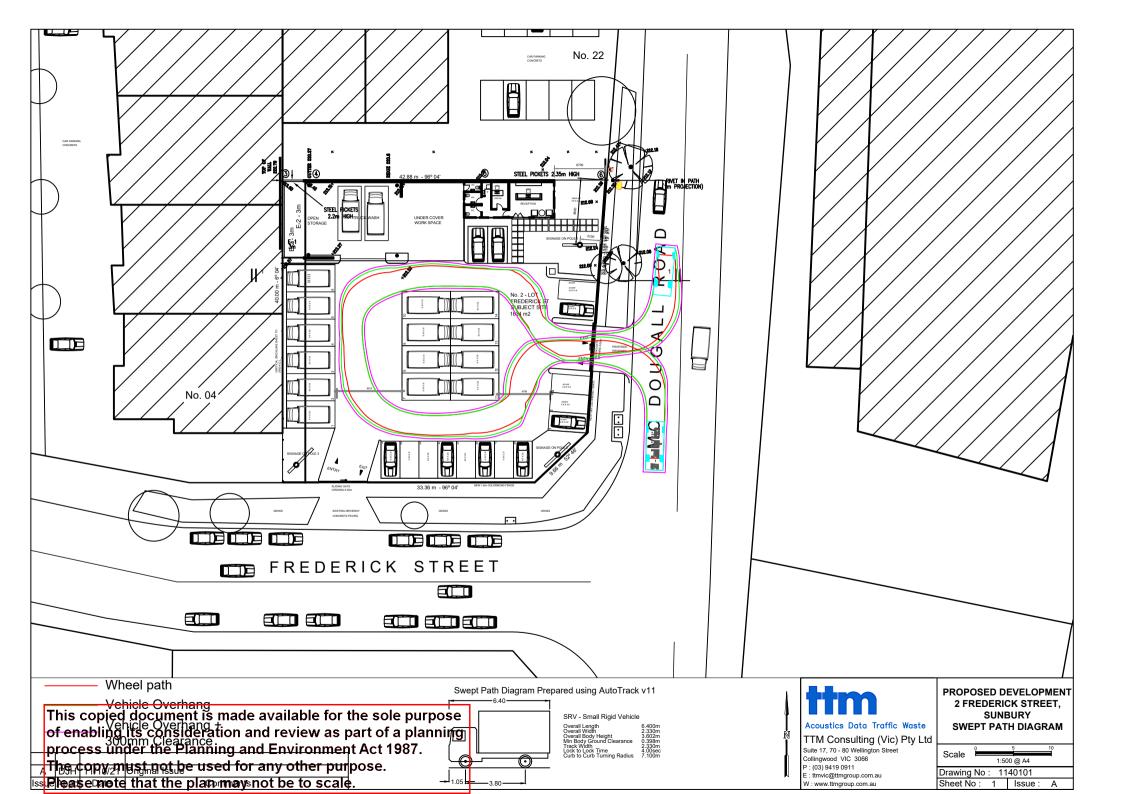
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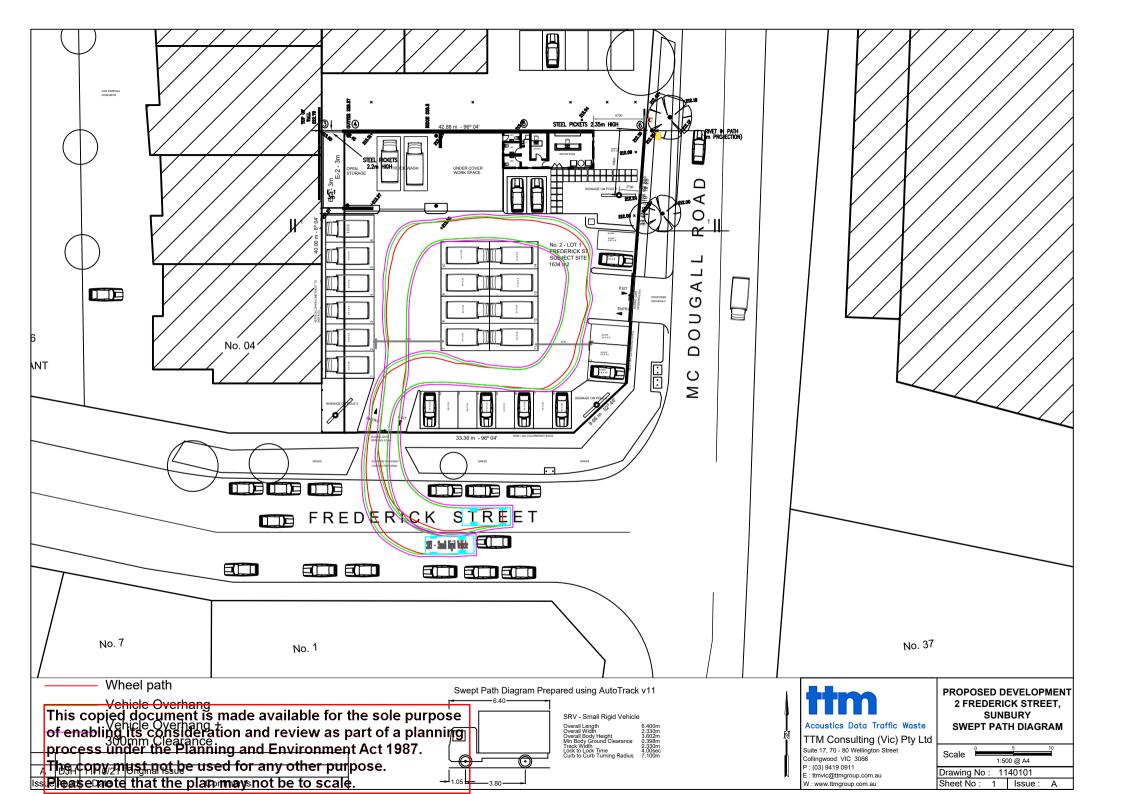


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Preliminary Issue 27.05.21 PROPOSED OFFICE PLAN

Appendix B Swept Path Diagrams







K J J ASSOCIATES PTY LTD CIVIL & STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING CONSULTANT

Telephone: 0402 462 709, (03) 9855 1461 Email: <u>qingxu@iprimus.com.au</u> ABN 90 101 176 416

Postal Address: P.O. BOX 293, KEW EAST, VIC 3102

Stormwater Management Report

(Water Sensitive Urban Design)

Proposed Industrial Development

Site Address: 2 Frederick St Sunbury

Proposal: Use and Development of Land for Motor Vehicle,

Boat, or Caravan Sales (Car & Truck Rental)

Application No: P23784

Date: 19 Jan. 2022

Prepared By: Qing H. Xu

BE (Civil), M.I.E. (Aust.) KJJ Associates P/L

Introduction

This Water Sensitive Urban Design (WSUD) Assessment has been prepared for the proposed industrial development (use and development of land for motor vehicle, boat, or caravan sales) at 2 Frederick St Sunbury, 3429.

This report is in- line with the Victorian Planning Scheme Clause 53.18 – Stormwater Management in Urban Development and Clause 22.19 – Industrial Stormwater Management Policy which are relevant to this project.

ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVES:

The regulatory objectives and standards that form the basis of this assessment which are required to be met are as follows:

53.18-5 – Stormwater management objectives for buildings and works

- To encourage stormwater management that maximises the retention and reuse of stormwater.
- To encourage development that reduces the impact of stormwater on the drainage system and filters sediment and waste from stormwater prior to discharge from the site.
- To encourage stormwater management that contributes to cooling, local habitat improvements and provision of attractive and enjoyable spaces.
- To ensure that industrial and commercial chemical pollutants and other toxicants do not enter the stormwater system.

Standard W2

The stormwater management system should be designed to:

- Meet the current best practice performance objectives for stormwater quality as contained in the Urban Stormwater Best Practice Environmental Management Guidelines (Victorian Stormwater Committee, 1999).
- Minimise the impact of chemical pollutants and other toxicants including by, but not limited to, bunding and covering or roofing of storage, loading and work areas.
- Contribute to cooling, improving local habitat and providing attractive and enjoyable spaces.

53.18-6 – Site management objectives

- To protect drainage infrastructure and receiving waters from sedimentation and contamination.
- To protect the site and surrounding area from environmental degradation prior to and during construction of subdivision works.

Standard W3

An application should describe how the site will be managed prior to and during the construction period and may set out requirements for managing:

- Erosion and sediment.
- Stormwater.
- Litter, concrete and other construction wastes.
- Chemical contamination.

22.19 - 2 - Objectives

- To promote the use of water sensitive urban design, including stormwater re-use.
- To mitigate the detrimental effect of development on downstream waterways.
- To apply best practice stormwater management to industrial development and subdivision.
- To minimise peak stormwater flows and stormwater pollutants to improve the health of water bodies.
- To reintegrate urban into the landscape
- To ensure that ongoing management practices will prevent materials and waste from reaching groundwater and stormwater drains.

WSUD Initiatives

53.18-5: Stormwater Management & 22.19 - 2: Objectives

Objective	Strategies
Urban Stormwater	 The following treatments are required to achieve best practice stormwater management. STORM modelling has been carried out on the treatment train to achieve best practice outcomes. Refer to Appendix 1 – STORM assessment for full detail. Install 8000L Minimum rainwater tank serving as catchment for 273.6m² roofing areas. Rainwater tank are to be connected to all sanitary flushing systems and landscaping irrigation needs. Install 8.0m² Raingarden serving as catchment for 1002m² concrete car park areas. Note: Raingarden to be constructed as per Melbourne Water – Raingarden Fact
	 Sheet included in Appendix 3. Raingarden Maintenance as per Melbourne Water - WSUD maintenance guideline (inspection & maintenance activities) in Appendix 4.
	Location of the above treatments requirements to be determined and designed by the hydraulics engineer.
Local Habitat & Cooling	 Water efficient native/indigenous plants are to be incorporated into any landscape design. Any proposed irrigation system must be water efficient, have a rain shut-off device, and be connected to rainwater tanks to ensure harvested water is used wisely to irrigate proposed landscaping.

Pollutants

- Prevent untreated wastewater being discharged into the main stormwater system. Vehicles to be washed on truck wash space to ensure wastewater is treated before leaving the site.
- Bins are to be washed on wash space on-site to avoid untreated runoff into the main stormwater system.

53.18-6: Site Management & 22.19 - 2 : Objectives

Protection of Drainage Infrastructure, Site & Surrounding Areas

During Construction:

- A mesh bin with closeable lid is suitable for larger items like cardboard boxes, plastic wrapping and polystyrene. Empty the litter bin regularly.
- When cleaning up after painting, plastering or concreting, it is most important to keep the wash water out of the stormwater system.







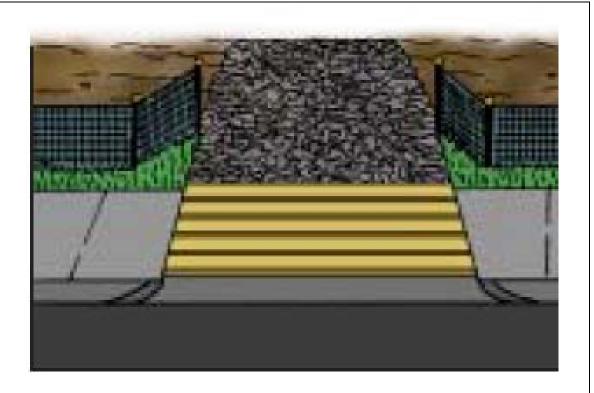
 Place the stockpile in a designated area on site, and upslope the sediment control fence. If exposed for some time, stockpiles should be covered with a trap.



 Downpipes (temporary or permanent) are to be installed and to be connected to main stormwater system as soon as the roof is installed.

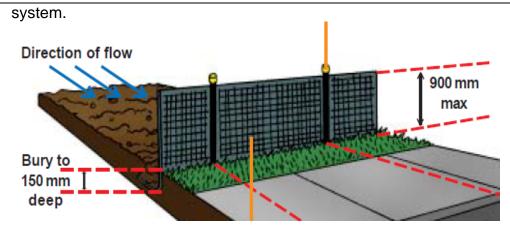


• Putting crushed rock on the access point of site to prevent damage and provide a dry access point for vehicles. If mud goes on road, remove as much as possible and put it back on site.

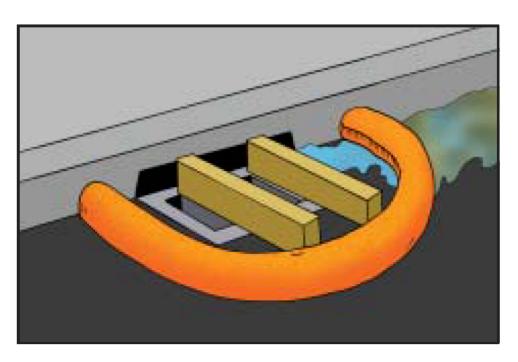




• Sediment control fence, Gravel sausage, or other Temporary sediment traps/diversion systems to be installed around drains located near the site in street gutters and onsite during construction to stop any sediment or other pollutants run-off from the site and go into main stormwater



•



Maintenance

- Inspect internal fittings and external pipes for leaks and other damage that may be affecting their efficient operation. This is to be done annually or as needed.
- Gutters, downpipes and any drains to be inspected and cleaned of any debris annually.
- Rainwater tank to be inspected and filters replaced as per supplier requirements to ensure optimum operational efficiency is maintained. Clear access to be provided to rainwater tanks to allow for required maintenance

Appendix 1 - STORM Assessment

Melbourne STORM Rating Report

TransactionID: 1303681
Municipality: HUME
Rainfall Station: HUME

Address: 2 Frederick Street

Sunbury

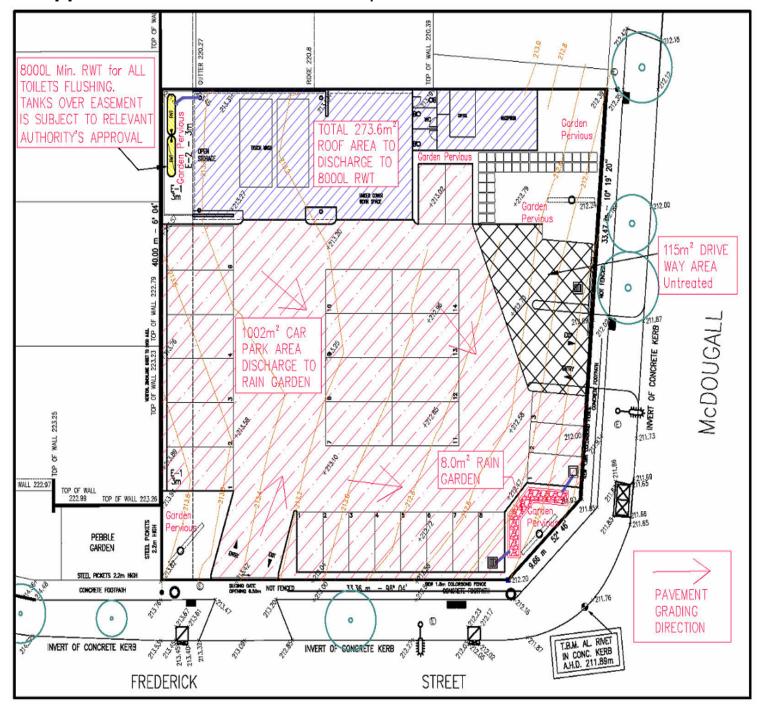
VIC 3429

Assessor: Qing Xu
Development Type: Industrial
Allotment Site (m2): 1,634.00
STORM Rating %: 101

Description	Impervious Area (m2)	2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2		Occupants / Number Of Bedrooms	Treatment %	Tank Water Supply Reliability (%)	
Roofing	273.60	Rainwater Tank	00.000,8	3	100.00	100.00	
car park	1 002.00	Raingarden 300mm	8.00	0	112.50	0.00	
car park	115.00	None	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	

Date Generated: 19-Jan-2022 Program Version: 1.0.0

Appendix 2 - STORM Site Mark-up



Note: Representative Only – Exact location of the treatment to be determined by Storm Water Design engineer.

Appendix 3 – Instruction Sheet of Building an Inground Raingarden Recommended by Melbourne Water (sheet 1 to 8)

healthy Waterways Raingardens

Building an inground raingarden

This copied document is made available for the sole purpose of enabling its consideration and review as part of a planning process under the Planning and Environment Act 1987. The copy must not be used for any other purpose. What is an inground raingarden? Please note that the plan may not be to scale.

Building a raingarden is a simple way to help the environment and the health of our local waterways while providing a self-watering garden for your backyard.

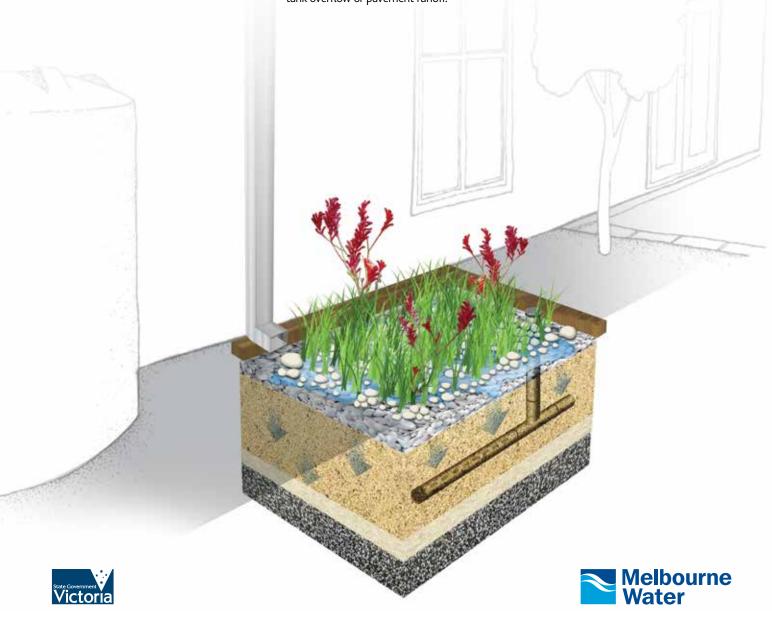
A raingarden is a specially prepared garden designed to receive and filter rain run-off from roofs or hard surfaces such as driveways or paving.

Featuring layers of soil for filtration, gravel for drainage, and plants that can tolerate periods without rain, a raingarden helps to protect our streams and rivers from stormwater pollutants.

With a slotted pipe beneath the soil to take away the filtered rainwater and an overflow pipe on the surface to prevent flooding, raingardens are designed to collect water from a disconnected downpipe, rainwater tank overflow or pavement runoff.

Please note: A certified plumber must be used for stormwater connections and modifications.

Did you know that a raingarden is only wet during and immediately after rain, leaving it dry most of the time? This is due to the drainage and filtration properties of the soil combination used in the raingarden.



Step 1 – getting started

Location

Build your raingarden as close as possible to the water source – whether it is a downpipe, rainwater tank overflow, paved area or driveway. This will help minimise the additional plumbing needed to bring water to the raingarden.

Table 1 sets out how far away your raingarden needs to be from your house depending on how deep your existing foundations are. A minimum distance of 300mm from your house is recommended.

Ensure when digging near your foundations not to disturb areas directly underneath the foundations and area as shown below – 'no dig zone'.

Having decided on a location, it is important to determine the depth of the existing underground stormwater pipe to make sure your raingarden is connected properly. Your local plumber can help with this and also how and when to disconnect your downpipe so that the area doesn't flood during construction.

Stormwater reconnection

All connections or modifications to existing stormwater pipes need to be done by a licensed plumber. The plumber should ensure that pipes are reconnected into the property's stormwater and not another services such as the sewer.

Underground services

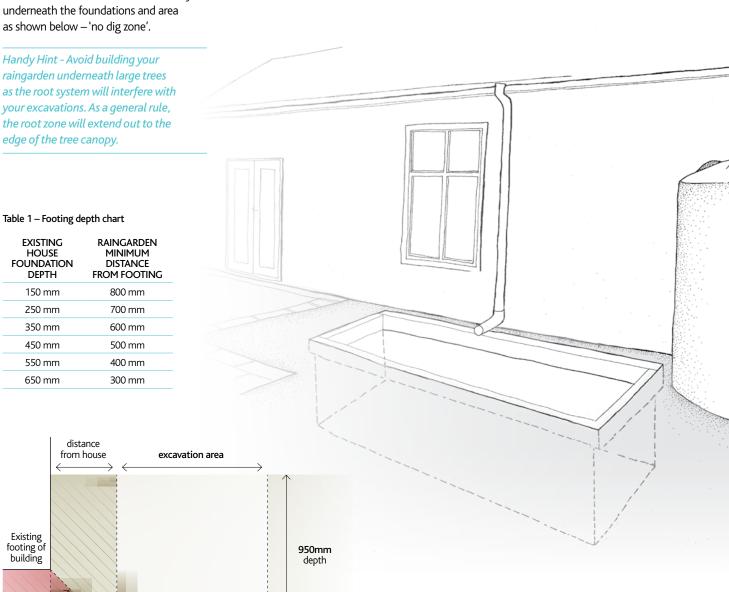
Be aware of any underground services (gas, electricity, water) that run near your house or under your garden as this will influence where you can excavate your raingarden. Raingardens should not be built over or in close proximity to a septic system.

Materials

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process under the Planning and Environment Act 1987. The copy must not be used for any other purpose. Please note that the plan may not be to scale.

See *Materials List* for information about what you need to build a raingarden.



EXISTING SOIL

Size

You need to make sure that your raingarden is large enough to manage the amount of stormwater it will receive. If your raingarden is going to capture run-off from the roof via a downpipe, measure the area of roof that drains to that downpipe. Generally, the size of the raingarden should be approximately 2% of the run-off area. Table 2 will help you work out the correct size.

Table 2 - Raingarden sizing chart

AREA OF RUN-OFF (m²)	RAINGARDEN SIZE (m²)
50	1
100	2
150	3
200	4
250	5
300	6
350	7
400	8
450	9

Step 2 - excavation and pipe infrastructure

Excavation

Excavate your raingarden with a gentle slope towards the stormwater outlet (where the water will exit your raingarden).

Line your raingarden (base and sides) with a PVC liner. Overlap the sheets by 200mm and seal the joins with PVC tape.

Place the 7mm screenings (gravel) to a depth of 50mm. This will form a base for the slotted drainage pipe. Make sure the screenings are washed and clean of excess dirt as this can create blockages in the raingardens drainage.

Pipe Infrastructure

Lay a 90mm diameter slotted drainage pipe horizontally along the centre of the raingarden base and cap one end of the slotted drainage pipe. Call your plumber to connect the drainage pipe back into the property's existing stormwater.

Handy Hint – If your raingarden is greater than 4m wide, you will need to install two slotted drainage pipes and two overflow pipes. These need to be evenly spaced across the raingarden base to provide adequate drainage.

Connect the vertical 90mm diameter overflow pipe into the slotted drainage pipe using a 90 degree elbow pipe and seal. When the raingarden is finished, the top of the overflow pipe should sit 100mm above the gravel mulch and 100mm below the surrounding ground level.

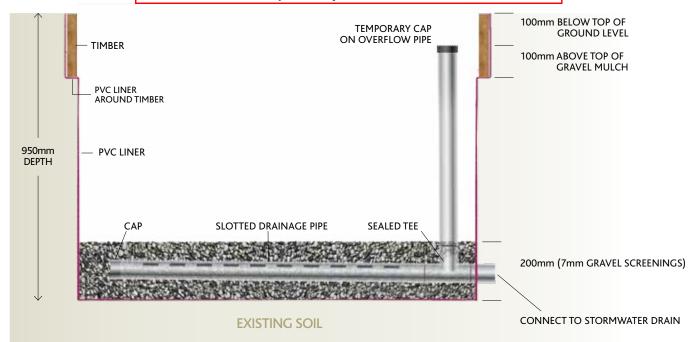
Install a temporary cap on top of the overflow pipe to prevent materials dropping into it during construction. Some plastic taped across the top of the pipe will work fine.

Frame

Install a frame to separate your raingarden from the surrounding soil. If using timber, ensure that it is no less that 50mm thick. While Class 1 or similar hardwood (200mm x 50mm) is ideal for this type of frame, you can use any material available that is a similar thickness and won't warp or bend over time.

Excavate a ledge around the top of the raingarden for the frame to rest on. The top edge of the frame needs to sit level with the surrounding ground.

Ensure that the PVC liner sits between the frame and surrounding ground. Secure the PVC liner to the frame to prevent surrounding soil entering the raingarden.



Step 3 – soil layers

Screenings layer

Add 7mm screenings (gravel) to a depth of 150mm over the slotted drainage pipe in the base of your raingarden. This brings to total depth of screenings (gravel) to 200mm. Be careful when not to dislodge or damage the slotted drainage pipe when adding the additional screenings.

Sand layer

Place white washed sand to a depth of 100mm over the screenings (gravel) layer.

Sand/soil mix layer

Mix 4 parts white washed sand with 1 part topsoil. Add this mix to the raingarden to a depth of 400mm.

Handy Hint — Ensure you firmly put down each layer of soil when building your raingarden to help reduce the layers from sinking.

Step 4 – pipe adjustments, plants and mulch

Pipe adjustments

Redirect your downpipe into the raingarden using pipe bends where required. If possible, use two 45 degree bends connected together as this will provide a much gentler and more even flow of water, reducing the risk of erosion and prevent blockages within the downpipe. A 90 degree elbow pipe will do as an alternative.

Handy Hint – To help prevent your raingarden from overflowing, it is important that the raingarden frame sits higher than the top of the overflow pipe.

Plants

In general, plants that grow well in a raingarden:

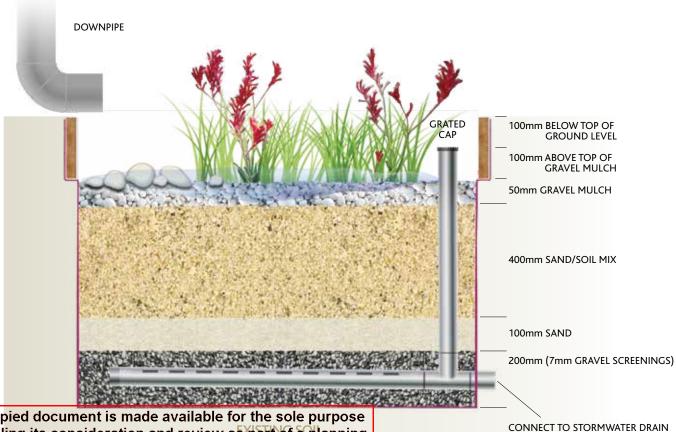
- like dry conditions but can tolerate temporary wet periods
- > are perennial rather than annual
- have an extensive fibrous root system.

A wide range of plants are suitable for raingardens and your local nursery will be able to guide you on what is right for your area. There are also particular plants that are really good at removing pollutants from stormwater. These include:

- > Carex appressa
- > Lomandra longifolia
- > Juncus flavidus
- > Melaleuca ericifolia
- > Goodenia ovate.

50% of your raingarden should be planted with these species, the other 50% can be made up of plants that like a dry environment with intermittent wet periods. It is important that the plants you select are suitable for the amount of sun and shade on your raingarden. See the *Plant List* for a suggested list of suitable raingarden plants.

Regardless of the type of plants you select, it is important to plant densely to cover the raingarden, set your plants out at roughly 6 plants per m². So for a 2m² raingarden, you will need to buy 12 plants. Now start planting.



Looking after your raingarden

Mulch

Spread gravel mulch to a depth of 50mm around the plants.

To allow the spread of water gently over the raingarden, place some large flat rocks where water flows from the downpipe. Place smaller rocks in between the large rocks to fill the gaps and help prevent erosion. Alternatively a flow spreading device can be fitted to the downpipe.

Remove the temporary end cap from overflow pipe and replace with a 90mm PVC finishing collar and domed pipe grate.

Water the plants in – complying with your local water restrictions.

Need help?

If you have questions about building a raingarden, your landscape gardener or local plumber may be able to help. For more information visit melbournewater.com.au/raingardens

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Once established, raingardens are low maintenance especially when planted with native plant species. They don't need to be watered, mowed or fertilised. However, a few simple tips can help your raingarden mature and function well.

- Gravel mulch will help retain moisture in your raingarden and prevent weeds from growing.
- > Ensure that the overflow is never blocked.
- Remove any sediment or build up from the downpipe.
- > Some weeding may need to take place until plants have matured.
- Evenly distribute water flow into your garden to limit erosion from heavy rainfall. Strategically placed rocks may help with this.

- Inspect your garden regularly replace plants and repair erosion when necessary.
- Driving over or squashing your raingarden will affect its ability to work efficiently.
- Avoid using organic (timber) mulch as this will float in the raingarden and may casue blockages.

Note – If necessary, water your raingarden until your plants have established in compliance with your local water restrictions.



Materials List – what you need to build your raingarden

Table 3 details the materials required to create a 2m² raingarden. While item prices may vary depending on the materials you select, building a 2m² raingarden is likely to cost between \$400 and \$500 (plus the cost of a plumber).

Table 3 – Raingarden materials list

QUANTITY	MATERIAL
6 l/m	200mmx50mm Class 1 hardwood sleepers
2 l/m	90mm diametre slotted drainage pipe (Ag Pipe)
2 l/m	90mm diametre uPVC pipe*
0.4m³	7mm screenings
0.85m³	Sand (white washed)
0.15m³	Topsoil
12	Plants (150mm pots)
0.1m³	Gravel mulch
1	90mm diametre uPVC 90 degree bend or 2x 45 degree bends
1	PVC grate 90mm finishing collar
1	PVC 90mm diametre domed pipe grate
1	PVC 90mm tee
1	PVC 90mm cap
10m²	PVC liner
	PVC tape

^{*}Costs per square meter will depend on the length of connections back to the existing stormwater drain.

l/m = lineal metres $m^2 = square metres$ $m^3 = cubic metres$ mm = millimetres







Plant List – the best plants for your raingarden

The following plants grow well in raingardens.

Table 4 – Raingarden plant list

BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	CONDITIONS	SIZE (H x W) (cm)
Anigozanthos sp.	Kangaroo paw	Full sun	30-90 x 100-120
Blechnum nudum	Fishbone Water-fern	Full sun to partial shade	50-100 x 40-80
Calocephalus lacteus	Milky Beauty-heads	Full sun to partial shade	15-30 x 10-30
Carex Appressa	Tall Sedge	Full sun to partial shade	80-100 x 120
Carpobrotus modestus	Pigface	Full sun	20cm high and spreading
Chrysocephalum apiculatum	Common Everlasting	Full sun	30-90 x 10-30
Derwentia perfoliata	Digger's Speedwell	Full sun to partial shade	20-40 x 30-60
Dianella species		Full sun to partial shade	60-120 x 40-150
Ficinia nodosa	Knobby Club-rush	Full sun	50-150 x 60-200
luncas amabilis	Hollow Rush	Full sun to partial shade	20-120 x 20-50
luncas flavidus	Yellow Rush	Full sun to partial shade	40-120 x 20-100
Leucaphyta brownii	Cushion Bush	Full sun, salt tolerant	100 x 200
Lomandra species		Full sun to partial shade	60-120 x 50-100
Melaleuca ericifolia	Swamp paperback	Full sun to partial shade	4m high x 3m wide
Myoporum parvifolium	Creeping Boobialla	Full sun	20-30 x 300
Patersonia occidentalis	Native iris	Sun to partial shade	20-40 x 30-60
Pratia perdunculata	Matter Pratia	Partial shade	50-150 x 1.8-5
Wahlenbergia communis	Tufted Bluebell	Full sun	15-50 x 15





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Melbourne Water

990 La Trobe Street Docklands VIC 3008

PO Box 4342 Melbourne Victoria 3001

Telephone 131 722 melbournewater.com.au/raingardens ISBN 978-1-921603-51-8 (print) ISBN 978-1-921603-52-5 (web)

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Appendix 4 – WSUD

Maintenance Guidelines
Inspection & Maintenance
Activities Recommended by
Melbourne Water (sheet 1 to 11)

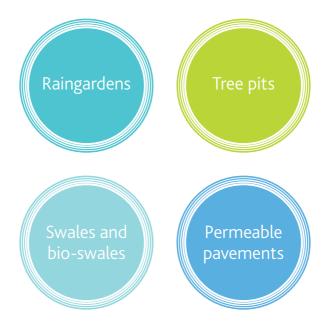


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Introduction

Water Sensitive Urban Design (WSUD) assets require regular scheduled maintenance to ensure they remain healthy and perform as intended. This flip book provides an outline of the key inspection and maintenance activities for:

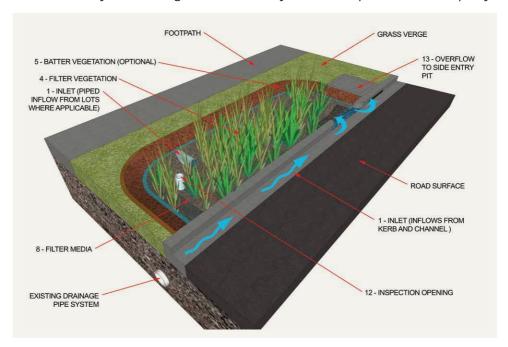


Please refer to the full WSUD Maintenance Guidelines for more detail.

Raingardens



Raingardens, also known as bioretention systems, bio-infiltration systems and bioremediation systems, are vegetated infiltration systems that improve stormwater quality.



INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES FOR RAINGARDENS

Component	Key activities	Typical frequency
Filter Media	 Remove leaf litter and gross pollutants 	3 months
	 Check for biofilms (algal biofilms may develop on the surface of the filter media leading to clogging issues) 	& following storm events
	 Monitor ponding of water following rainfall events 	
	 Check for permanently boggy/pooled areas 	
	- Remove sediment (or scarify filter media surface if required)	Annually
Erosion	- Check for erosion/scouring	3 months
	 Check for evidence of preferential flow paths 	
	 Replace filter media in eroded areas 	
	 Add rock protection around inlets (if required) 	
Mulch	 Check depth and even distribution of mulch 	3 months
	 Check mulch is not touching plant stems 	
	 Check for sediment/silt accumulation in mulch layer 	
	- Replace mulch (if required)	
	 Retain mulch using jute mats or nets (if required) 	
Vegetation	– Inspect plant health and cover	3 months
	 Replace dead plants (maintain a consistent vegetation density of 6–10 plants per square metre across the raingarden filter media) 	
	 Remove weeds (avoid use of herbicides) 	
	 Prune plants (where applicable) 	
	 Water plants (if required during establishment phase) 	
Civil	Check infrastructure for damage and repair as required	3 months
components	Ensure inlet and outlet points are clear of sediment, litter and debris	& following storm events
	 Inspection opening for underdrain (slotted drainage pipe): 	Annually
	 Check water level 	
	 Check for sediment accumulation 	
	 Flush the underdrain system (if required) 	

Tree pits



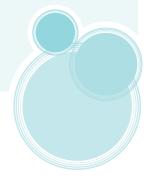
Tree pits are mini-raingardens that comprise of a tree or large shrub planted within an underground planting module (pit).



INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES FOR TREE PITS

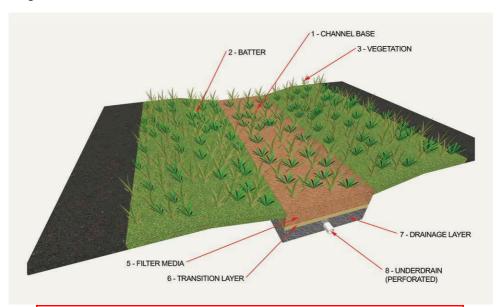
Component	Key activities	Typical frequency
Filter Media	 Remove leaf litter and gross pollutants 	3 months
	 Check for biofilms (algal biofilms may develop on the surface of the filter media leading to clogging issues) 	& following storm events
	 Monitor the ponding of water following rainfall events 	
	Remove accumulated sediment (or scarify filter media surface if required)	Annually
Mulch	 Check depth and even distribution of mulch layer 	3 months
	 Check mulch is not touching the tree trunk 	
	 Replace mulch (if required) 	
	- Check for sediment/silt accumulation within mulch layer	
Vegetation	 Inspect plant health (signs of disease, pests, poor growth) 	3 months
	 Check plant stability (tree supports) 	
	 Remove weeds (avoid use of herbicides) 	
	 Prune plants (where applicable) 	
	 Water plants (if required during establishment phase) 	
Civil components	 Inspect for physical damage, concrete cracking and subsidence (sinking) 	3 months & following
	- Ensure inlet and outlet points are clear of sediment, litter and debris	storm events
	- Inspection opening:	Annually
	 Check the underdrain (slotted drainage pipe) system for standing water or sediment accumulation 	
	 Flush the underdrain system (if required) 	

Swales



Conventional swales are simple vegetated channels that convey stormwater and provide stormwater treatment through filtration and infiltration.

Bioretention swales (bio-swales) comprise of a channel with vegetation, layers of filter media and slotted drainage pipes (underdrain) arranged in a similar layout to a raingarden. Bio-swales facilitate more infiltration than conventional swales and therefore provide a higher level of treatment.

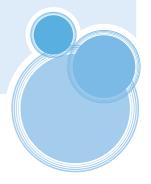


INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES FOR SWALES

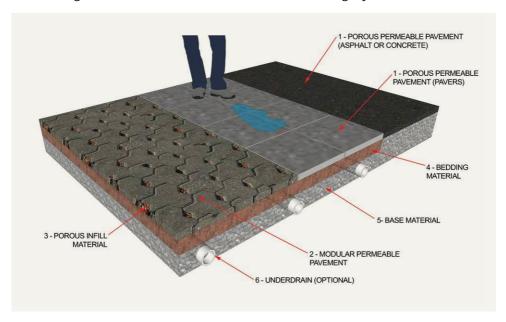
Component	Key activities	Typical frequency			
Erosion	 Check for erosion/scouring 	3 months			
	Check for preferential flow paths				
	 Replace soil/filter media in eroded areas 				
	- Replant eroded areas				
Vegetation	 Inspect plant health and cover 	3 months			
	 Prune plants (where applicable) 				
	- Mow				
	 Remove weeds (avoid use of herbicides) 				
	 Replace dead plants (maintain a consistent vegetation density of 6–10 plants per square metre for bio-swales) 				
	 Water plants (if required during establishment phase) 				
Sediment	Check for sediment accumulation	Annually			
accumulation*	- Remove sediment (if required)				
	 Monitor ponding of water following rainfall events 				
	- Check for permanently boggy/pooled areas				

^{*}Note: Swales are typically designed to accumulate sediment throughout their life cycle, and most swales will not require regular maintenance of accumulated sediment.

Permeable pavement



Permeable pavements allow stormwater runoff to infiltrate to underlying soils rather than running off hard surfaces and into the stormwater drainage system.



INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES FOR PERMEABLE PAVEMENTS

Component	Key activities	Typical frequency
Paving surface	 Check for accumulated sediment Sweep, wet vacuum or pressure hose the surface of the pavers to remove clogging material Check infill material is present between pavers 	3 months & following storm events
	 Monitor ponding of water following rainfall events 	
Bedding material	Check level of the pavement surface	Annually
Underdrain	Check inspection openings for sediment accumulationFlush underdrain to remove sediment (if required)	Annually

Melbourne Water

990 LaTrobe Street, Docklands PO Box 4342 Melbourne Victoria 3008 Telephone 131722 enquiry@melbournewater.com.au melbournewater.com.au

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ACN 165 443 907

Mail 42 Newbay Close, Barwon Heads Vic 3227

Mobile 0400 260 484 Email graeme@stemarb.com.au Web www.stemarb.com.au

Arboricultural Assessment & Report - Development

2 Frederick Street Sunbury

For: Buckmaster Town Planning

Friday 1st October 2021

1

Arboricultural Assessment and Report 2 Frederick Street Sunbury

Report By: Graeme Lewis

Consultant Arborist (Level 5 AQF)

42 Newbay Close Barwon Heads

Phone: 0400 260 484

Objectives

To assess those trees located adjacent the subject site that may be affected by proposed buildings and works.

To provide an assessment of the subject trees detailing their health, structure, dimensions, origin, tree protection zones, structural root zones, planning scheme status and retention value.

To provide an assessment of the how the proposal may affect tree health.

To provide remedial and tree protection information for trees where appropriate.

Methodology

A site inspection was undertaken on Friday 14th September 2021 and this report compiled with regard to those observations.

Visual observations were undertaken from ground level to determine age, structure and condition with measurements taken to establish approximate trunk and canopy dimensions. No aerial inspection, soil excavation or intrusive investigation was undertaken. Canopy dimensions were estimated and trunk diameters measured with a forester's diameter tape at 1.4m from grade and just above the root buttress.

Five individual trees were assessed.

I have assessed the following plans by Warren J Foster Architects, dated 27.05.2021:

Proposed Location Plan Existing Site Plan Proposed Site Plan Proposed Sections (4 sheets)

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A marked-up copy of the *Proposed Site Plan* is attached in Appendix 4. It provides tree numbers, the extent of Tree Protection Zones and the location of tree protection fencing.

Observations

The subject site consists of a vacant Industrial 3 Zone (INZ 3) allotment in Sunbury, a suburb located within the City of Hume. It is a corner allotment, located at the intersection of Frederick Street and McDougall Road.

The site is devoid of woody vegetation.

Five street trees are located adjacent the subject site. Two in Frederick Street and three in McDougall Road. The Frederick Street trees are both *Angophora costata* (Smooth barked Apple Gum) whilst the trees in McDougall Road are all *Eucalyptus leucoxylon ssp. Megalocarpa* (Large Fruited Yellow Gum).

The subject trees all display good to fair condition.

It is proposed to construct a commercial premises (vehicle hire facility) which will be accessed via an existing crossover in Frederick Street and a proposed new crossover in McDougall Road.

The potential of the proposed works to affect tree health will be assessed having regard to current industry standards, namely AS4970 2009 – *Protection of Trees on Development Sites*.

Discussion

Tree Value

Trees can make a positive contribution to the appeal of a completed development by providing a visual softening of the built form, a maturity to the landscape, a connection with the pervading landscape and neighbourhood character. They also provide scale, shade, beauty, habitat and a reduction of the Heat Island Effect.

Assigning a retention value is required under AS4970 2009 *Protection of Trees on Development Sites* and usually requires consideration of many factors such as a trees amenity value, longevity, tolerance to impact, anti-social traits, habitat, safety, planning scheme status etc. Consequently, it is a fairly subjective process, however in general the following applies:

- Trees of low retention value are unsuitable for retention,
- Trees of medium retention value can be retained if site constraints can accommodate tree retention,
- Trees of high retention value are recommended for retention and should be accommodated within the design process.

Tree Retention and Acceptable Impacts

If trees are to be successfully retained within a development site then measures must be taken to ensure adequate protection of the canopy and root mass. To this end an arborist identifies Tree Protection Zones (TPZ) so that adequate amounts of canopy and root mass are left unaffected by construction, thereby providing for a healthy, stable, long-term tree resource.

The Tree Protection Zone is calculated by multiplying the trunk diameter at 1.4m from grade by twelve, whilst the Structural Root Zone (SRZ) is calculated by using a diameter measurement above the root buttress.

Whilst the TPZ maintains tree health, the SRZ is critical in maintaining a trees anchorage. Both the TPZ and SRZ are usually shown on plan as a circle, measured as a radius from trunk centre.

Although a TPZ is depicted on plan as a perfect circle, this is not usually an accurate reflection of a trees root or canopy pattern as both of these structures will often form asymmetric shapes that are a product of their local environment. For example, canopies may be pruned, storm damaged or influenced by nearby trees, available sunlight and built structures, whilst root growth may be influenced by adjacent built form, other tree roots, trunk and canopy lean, soil type, soil compaction, moisture gradients, leaking pipes, topography, solar orientation etc.

Perhaps in recognition of its 'one size fits all' approach, AS4970 2009 determines that it may be possible to encroach or make variations to the standard TPZ. Where

This copied document is made available for the sole purposed whether minor or major, the TPZ should of enabling its consideration and ted lew as evaluating out with the TPZ. process under the Planning and Environment Act 1987.

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Where minor encroachments (<10% of TPZ area) occur, variations must be made by the project arborist considering relevant factors listed in Section 3.3.4 TPZ Encroachment Considerations, these are:

- exploratory root excavation,
- potential loss of roots, number and size,
- Tree species and tolerance to root disturbance
- Age, vigour and size of the tree
- Lean and stability of the tree (and supporting roots)
- Soil characteristics and volume, topography and drainage
- The presence of existing or past structures or obstacles affecting root growth
- Design factors

Where major encroachments (>10% of TPZ area) are proposed the project arborist <u>must</u> demonstrate how the tree would remain viable. This <u>may</u> require root investigation by non-destructive methods and consideration of relevant factors listed in Section 3.3.4.

Tree Protection

In order to protect trees on construction sites tree protection fencing must be erected prior to the commencement of any demolition, excavation or construction works. Tree protection fencing excludes access and defines the extent of the TPZ for all retained trees. If construction is set at the edge or close to the TPZ then the fence may be temporarily moved to facilitate construction - with the approval of the responsible authority. N.B.

The relocation of the fence does not indicate a change in the TPZ of the tree and suitable protection measures must be undertaken; this may include the use of heavy plywood sheeting laid over a bed of coarse mulch to reduce soil compaction from vehicles and pedestrian traffic. The relocation of the protection fence should be used for short-term purposes only and must be reinstalled as soon as possible.

Tree protection fencing specifications are listed in Tree Protection Measures, Appendix 3 of this report.

Conclusions & Recommendations

It is proposed to retain all five street trees.

According to AS4970 2009 *Protection of Trees on Development Sites*, the following assessment is made:

- The TPZ of trees 1, 2, 3, & 4 is not encroached by works, therefore their health will remain unaffected provided they are adequately protected during construction.
- The TPZ of street tree 5 is encroached by 1% of its area, which is defined as 'minor' under the standard.

It is considered that given the relatively good tolerance of the species and the negligible level of encroachment, that the health of tree 5 will remain unaffected.

Tree protection fencing must be erected prior to the commencement of works, to the extent of the TPZ where it is located within the nature strip for all five trees (see appendix 4).

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Regards

Graeme Lewis

Consulting Arborist (Level 5 AQF)

Diploma of Horticulture (Arboriculture) - (Melbourne University)
Advanced Certificate Arboriculture (VCAH Burnley)
Qualified Tree Risk Assessor (International Society of Arboriculture)
Victorian Tree Industry Organisation - Member
Arboriculture Australia – Member

References:

AS4970 Protection of Trees on Development Sites (Standards Australia 2009)

Appendix I

*Descriptors in Appendix 2

DBH = DIAMETER OF TRUNK AT 1.4M FROM GRADE. TPZ = TREE PROTECTION ZONE MEASURED AS A RADIUS FROM THE TRUNK CENTRE. * INDICATES A MULTI STEMMED TREE

No.	Botanical Name	Common Name	Height (m)	Width (m)	Health	Structure	Form	Origin	DBH (cm)	TPZ (m)	SRZ (m)	Retention Value	Comments
1	Angophora costata	Smooth Barked- Apple	6	4	Good	Good	Good	Planted NSW Native	18	2.2	1.8	Medium	Young street tree.
2	Angophora costata	Smooth Barked- Apple	7	5	Good	Good	Good	Planted NSW Native	21	2.5	2	Medium	Young street tree.
3	Eucalyptus leucoxylon subsp. megalocarpa	Large fruited yellow gum	7	7	Fair	Good	Poor	Planted NSW Native	19*	2.2	1.8	Medium	Street tree.
4	Eucalyptus leucoxylon subsp. megalocarpa	Large fruited yellow gum	6	7	Good	Good	Fair	Planted NSW Native	18	2.2	1.8	Medium	Street tree.
5	Eucalyptus leucoxylon subsp. megalocarpa	Large fruited yellow gum	8	10	Good	Fair	Fair	Planted NSW Native	37	4.4	2.4	Medium	Street tree.

Appendix 2

Tree Descriptors

Age

Category	Description
Young	Sapling tree and/or recently planted. As a guide a tree up to ≈ 5 years of age.
Semi-mature	Tree rapidly increasing in size and yet to achieve expected size in situation.
Maturing	Specimen has reached expected size in situation, with reduced incremental growth.
Over-mature	Tree is senescent and in decline.
Dead	Tree is dead

Health:

Category	Description
Good	Good growth indicators, eg. extension growth. Crown full, with good density, foliage entire with good colour. No or minimal canopy dieback. Minimal or no pathogen damage. Good wound wood development.
Fair	Typical growth indicators, eg. extension growth, leaf size, canopy density for species in location. Tree may have <30% dead wood, or can have minor canopy dieback. Foliage generally with good colour, some discolouration may be present. Minor pathogen damage may be present.
Poor	Poor growth indicators. Tree may have >30% dead wood. Canopy dieback present. Discoloured or distorted leaves, and/or excessive epicormic growth. Pathogen is present and/or stress symptoms that could lead or are leading to decline of tree.

Structure:

Category	Description
Good	Good branch attachment and/or no or minor structural defects. Trunk and scaffold branches sound or minor damage. Good trunk and scaffold branch taper. No branch over extension. No damage to structural roots and/or good buttressing present. No obvious root pests or diseases.
Fair	Typical structure for species. Some minor structural defects and/or minor damage to trunk. Bark missing. Cavities could be present. Minimal or no damage to structural roots.
Poor	Major structural defects and/or trunk damaged and/or missing bark, large cavities, and/or girdling or damaged roots that are problematic.
Hazardous	Tree poses immediate hazard potential that should be rectified as soon as possible.

Form (General shape of the tree):

Category	Description
Good	Canopy full and symmetrical.
Fair	Minor asymmetry or suppression. Considered typical for species in situation.
Poor	Canopy suppressed, major asymmetry. Stump re-growth

Retention Value:

Category	Description
High	Tree in good condition. Is able to respond to changes in its environment.
	Tree may be of particular significance to site.
	Tree has potential to be a long-term component of the landscape if managed appropriately.
Medium	Tree in fair condition and structure. Tree may have condition or structural problems that would require treatment. Tree could sustain changes to its environment. Tree has potential to be a medium to long-term component of the landscape if managed appropriately. Tree has yet to achieve a significant landscape impact.
Low	Tree is in poor condition and/or poor structure that can not be rectified. Tree could not sustain dramatic or severe changes to its environment, or tree has detrimental effects on environment, eg. woody weed or severe anti social traits

Appendix 3

Tree Protection Guidelines

The protection and preservation of the existing trees on a development site is to be ensured by the installation of tree protection fencing set at the edge of the tree protection zones. Tree Protection fencing is to be installed prior to the commencement of any site works including demolition, excavation, delivery of materials etc.

The Tree Protection Zones will utilise the TPZ radius set out in appendix 1 of this report. Variations to the zone will be determined by the consulting arborist in conjunction with the Site Manager and the Tree Protection Fences will be constructed along these lines.

The actual fence specifications should be a minimum of 1.2 - 1.5 metres of chain mesh or like fence with 1.8 meter star pickets every 3-4 metres and a top line of high visibility plastic hazard tape. This fence will deter the entry of heavy equipment and vehicles and also the entry of workers and/or the public into the Tree Protection Zone. The tree protection zone shall be clearly signed on all visible sides "Tree Protection Zone – No entry without permission from site manager"

These fences should only be removed or shifted by the consent of the consultant arborist or site manager.

The area inside this Tree Protection Zone should be mulched with a covering of approximately 100mm of woodchip mulch or like material.

If temporary access is required through a Tree Protection Zone this may be carried out using sheets of heavy plywood or like protection but should not be considered for long term requirements.

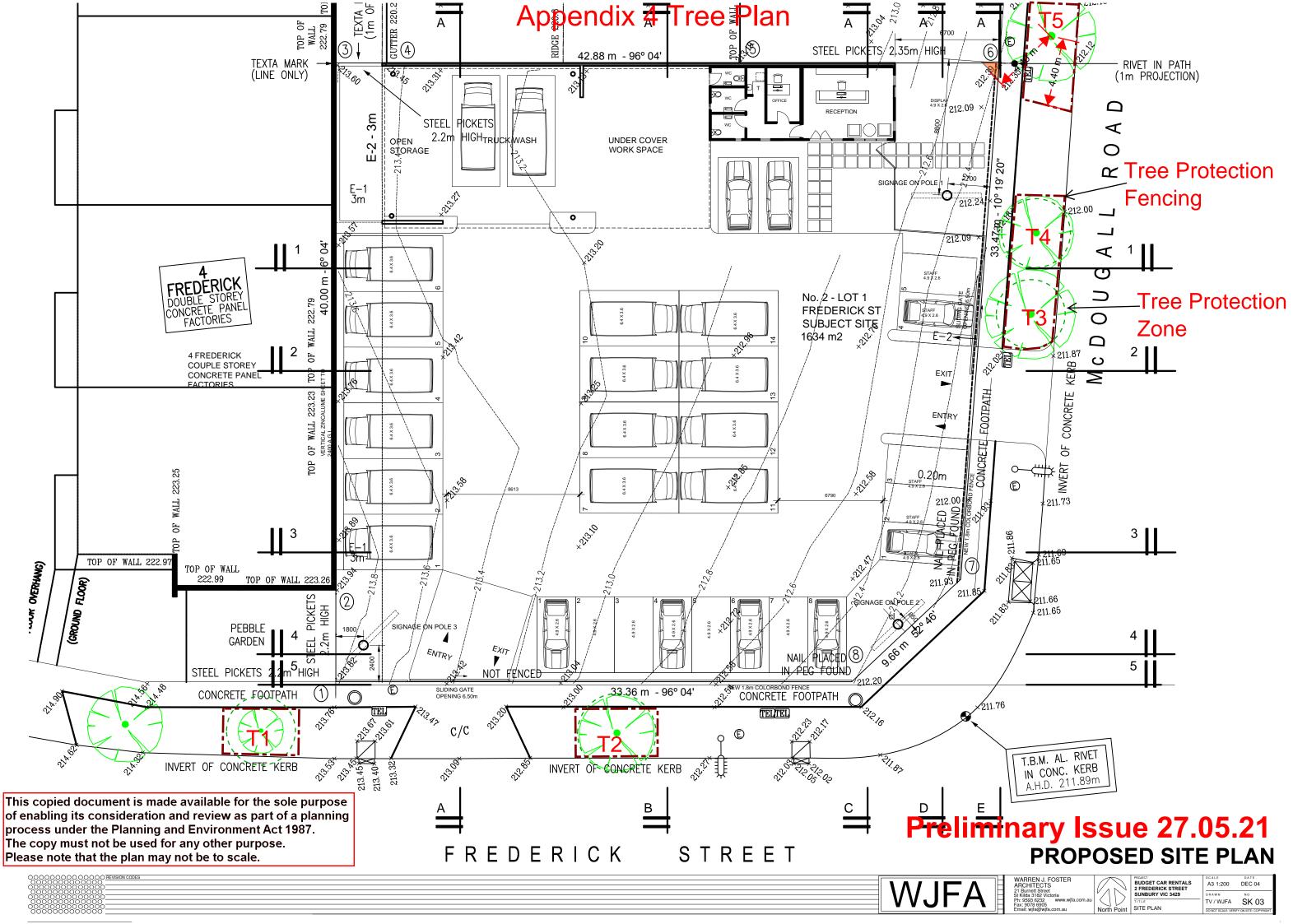
The following are guidelines that <u>must</u> be implemented to minimise the impact of the proposed construction works on the existing trees.

- The Tree Protection Zone is fenced and clearly marked at all times (according to the specification above).
- The consultant arborist is on-site to supervise all excavation works within the TPZ. This is more paramount if substantial roots (i.e. > 50 mm ∅) are encountered and may require pruning. Inspection will need to take place by a qualified arborist to ascertain impact on the trees and recommend follow up works if required.
- A layer of organic mulch (woodchips) to a depth of 100mm (no deeper) should be placed over all root systems (not just in the Tree Protection Zones) of trees which are to be retained to assist with moisture retention and to reduce the impact of compaction. This is particularly important where there will be constant construction vehicle traffic.
- No persons, vehicles or machinery are to enter the Tree Protection Zone without the consent of the consulting arborist or site manager.
- Any underground service installations should be bored and utility authorities should common trench where possible.

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Appendix 3

- No fuel, oil dumps or chemicals shall be allowed in or stored on the Tree Protection Zone and the servicing and re-fuelling of equipment and vehicles should be carried out away from the root zones.
- No storage of material, equipment or temporary building should take place over the Tree Protection Zone of any tree.
- Nothing whatsoever should be attached to any tree including temporary services wires, nails, screws or any other fixing device.
- Supplementary watering should be provided to all trees through any dry periods during and after the construction process.
- Any pruning that is required must be carried out by trained and competent arborist who has a thorough knowledge of tree physiology and pruning methods and carry out pruning to the Australian Standard – AS 4373 – 1996 Pruning of Amenity Trees.
- All root excavation should be carried out by hand digging or with the use of 'Air-Excavation' techniques, and roots should be severed by saw cutting or with a sharp axe and not with a Backhoe or any machinery or blunt instrument.



Stem Arboriculture Assumptions and Limiting Conditions

- 1. Any legal description provided to the author is assumed to be correct. Any titles and ownerships to any property are assumed to be correct. No responsibility is assumed for matters outside the consultant's control.
- 2. The author assumes that any property or project is not in violation of any applicable codes, ordinances, statutes or other local, state or federal government regulations.
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- 7. This report and any values expressed herein represent the opinion of the consultant and the fee is in no way conditional upon the reporting of a specified value, a stipulated result, the occurrence of a subsequent event, nor upon any finding to be reported.
- 8. Sketches, diagrams, graphs and photographs in this report, being intended as visual aids, are not necessarily to scale and should not be construed as engineering or architectural drawings, reports or surveys.
- 9. Unless expressed otherwise: 1) Information contained in this report covers only those items that were covered in the project brief or that were examined during the assessment and reflect the condition of those items at the time of inspection; and 2) The inspection is limited to visual examination of accessible components without dissection, excavation or probing unless otherwise stipulated.
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- 12. To the authors' knowledge all facts, matter and all assumptions upon which the report proceeds have been stated within the body of the report and all opinion contained within the report have been fully researched and referenced and any such opinion not duly researched is based upon the writers experience and observations.



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REGISTER SEARCH STATEMENT (Title Search) Transfer of Land Act 1958

Page 1 of 1

VOLUME 11375 FOLIO 480

Security no : 124090600573U Produced 17/06/2021 12:58 PM

LAND DESCRIPTION

Lot 1 on Plan of Subdivision 639368N.

PARENT TITLE Volume 11367 Folio 591

Created by instrument PS639368N Stage 2 10/09/2012

REGISTERED PROPRIETOR

Estate Fee Simple Sole Proprietor

ENCUMBRANCES, CAVEATS AND NOTICES

COVENANT PS639368N 10/09/2012

Any encumbrances created by Section 98 Transfer of Land Act 1958 or Section 24 Subdivision Act 1988 and any other encumbrances shown or entered on the plan set out under DIAGRAM LOCATION below.

DIAGRAM LOCATION

SEE PS639368N FOR FURTHER DETAILS AND BOUNDARIES

ACTIVITY IN THE LAST 125 DAYS

NIL

Additional information: (not part of the Register Search Statement)

Street Address: 2 FREDERICK STREET SUNBURY VIC 3429

DOCUMENT END

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Title 11375/480 Page 1 of 1



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Document Assembled	17/06/2021 13:00

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STAGE NO LRS USE ONLY PLAN NUMBER PLAN OF SUBDIVISION PS 639368N EDITION 5 LOCATION OF LAND COUNCIL CERTIFICATION AND ENDORSEMENT PARISH: HOLDEN COUNCIL NAME: HUME CITY COUNCIL RFF. TOWNSHIP: (1) THIS PLAN IS CERTIFIED UNDER SECTION 6 OF THE SUBDIVISION ACT 1888. SECTION: 25 CROWN ALLOTMENT: | & J (2) THIS PLAN IS CERTIFIED UNDER SEC. 11(7) OF THE SUBDIVISION ACT 1988. CROWN PORTION: DATE OF ORIGINAL CERTIFICATION UNDER SECTION 6 LAST PLAN REF: TP 856928A (3) THIS IS A STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE ISSUED UNDER SECTION 21 OF THE TITLE REFERENCE: VOL 10871 FOL 074 SUBDIVISION ACT 1988 POSTAL ADDRESS: VINEYARD ROAD SUNBURY (A) A REQUIREMENT FOR PUBLIC OPEN SPACE UNDER SECTION 18 OF THE SUBDIVISION ACT 1988 HAS NOT BEEN MADE MGA CO-ORDINATES: E 298 390 OF APPROX. CENTRE OF LAND IN PLAN (B) THE REQUIREMENT HAS BEEN SATISFIED N 5 836 795 70NF 55 (C) THE REQUIREMENT IS TO BE SATISFIED IN STAGE COUNCIL DELEGATE COUNCIL SEAL VESTING OF ROADS OR RESERVES SURVEYOR'S PLAN VERSION **IDENTIFIER** COUNCIL/BODY/PERSON DATE / / RE-CERTIFIED UNDER SECTION 11(7) OF THE SUBDIVISION ACT 1988 COUNCIL DELEGATE COUNCIL SEAL SUBVEYOR'S PLAN VERSION DATE NOTATIONS

DEPTH LIMITATION: DOES NOT APPLY

THIS IS A SPEAR PLAN

STAGING:

THIS IS A STAGED SUBDIVISION PLANNING PERMIT NO: P 10612.03 SURVEY:

THIS PLAN IS BASED ON SURVEY

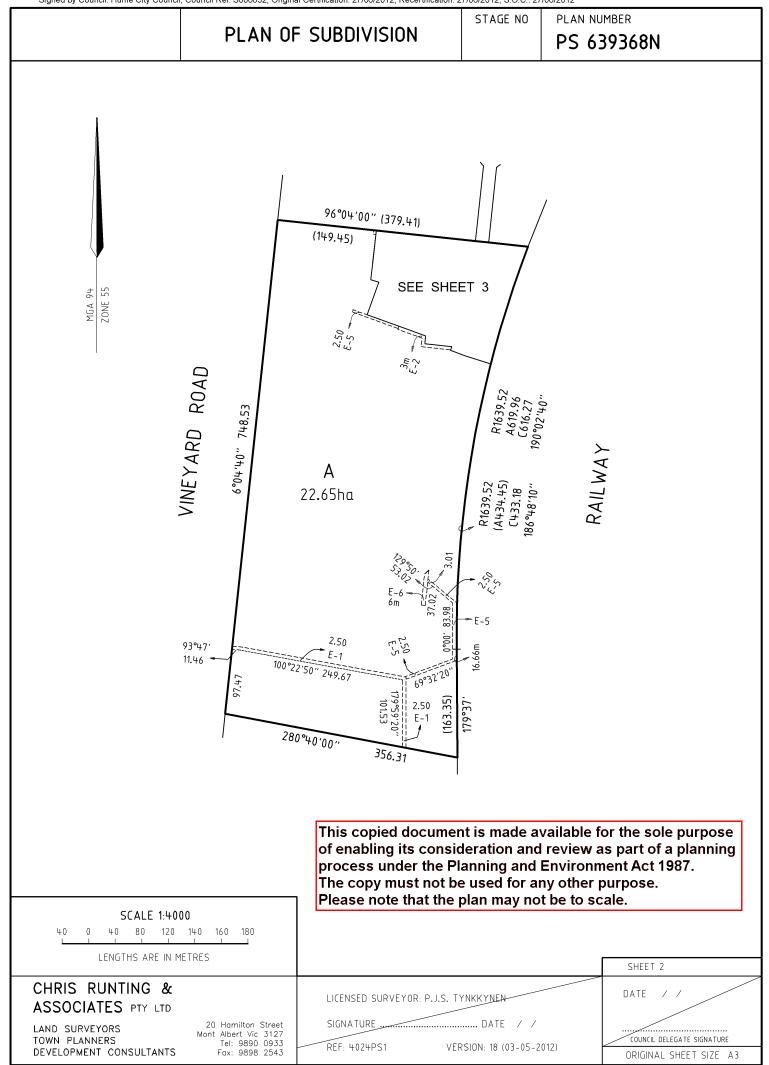
THIS SURVEY HAS BEEN CONNECTED TO PERMANENT MARKS: PM37, PM47

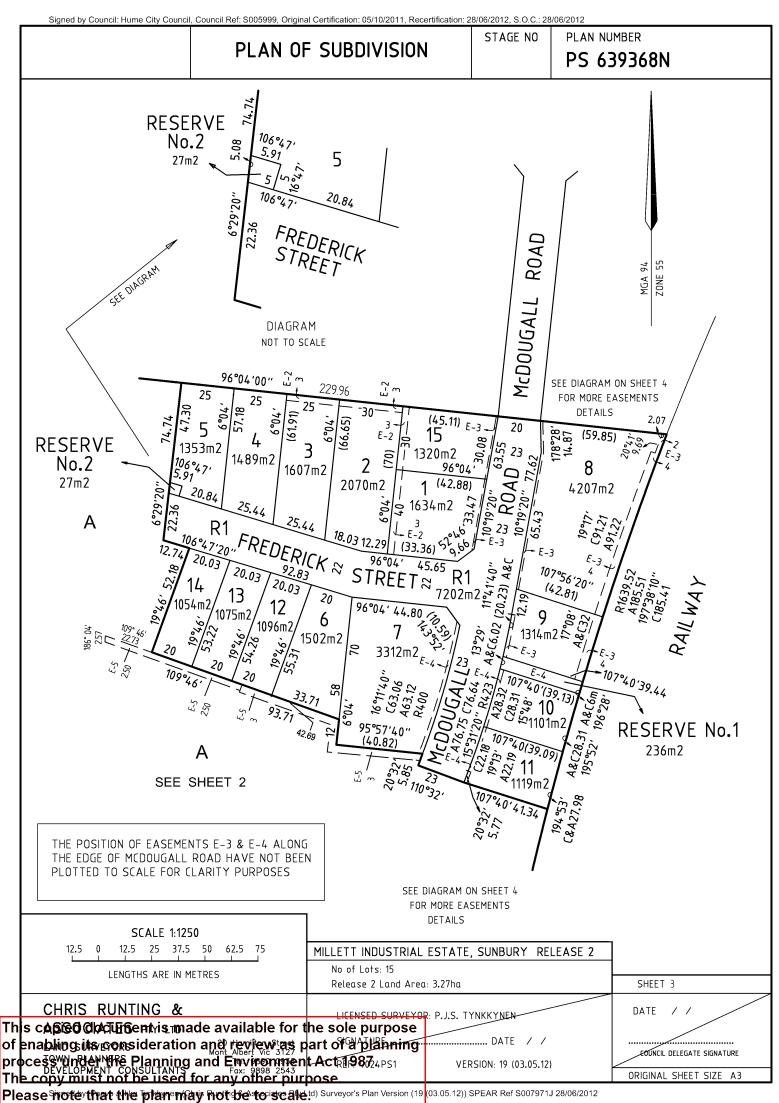
IN PROCLAIMED SURVEY AREA NUMBER:

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	LRS USE ONLY					
LEGEND:						
					STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE	
ASEMENT REFERENCE	PURPOSE	WIDTH (METRES) ORIGIN	LAND BENEFITED/IN FAVOUR OF	EXEMPTION STATEMENT	
E – 1	SEWERAGE	2.50	AE088452M	WESTERN REGION WATER AUTHORITY	RECEIVED 🗹	
E-2	DRAINAGE	3m	THIS PLAN	HUME CITY COUNCIL		
	SEWERAGE	3m	THIS PLAN	WESTERN REGION WATER AUTHORITY	00 / 7 / 0040	
E-3	DRAINAGE	SEE PLAN	N THIS PLAN	HUME CITY COUNCIL	DATE 20/7/2012	
E-4	CREATION & MAINTENANCE OF WETLANDS, FLOODWAY AND DRAINAGE AS SPECIFIED AND SET OUT IN MEMORANDUM OF COMMON PROVISIONS No. AA1107	SEE PLA	N THIS PLAN	MELBOURNE WATER CORPORATION	THIS IS A LAND VICTORIA COMPILED	
E-5	E-5 SEWERAGE		N THIS PLAN	WESTERN REGION WATER AUTHORITY	PLAN SHEET 1 OF 5 SHEETS	
CHRIS RUNTING & ASSOCIATES PTY LTD LAND SURVEYORS 20 Hamilton Street		reet 127	LICENSED SURVEYOR: P.J.S. TYNKKYNEN SIGNATURE: DIGITALLY SIGNED		DATE / /	

Signed by Council: Hume City Council, Council Ref: S006632, Original Certification: 27/06/2012, Recertification: 27/06/2012, S.O.C.: 27/06/2012





Signed by Council: Hume City Council, Council Ref: S005999, Original Certification: 05/10/2011, Recertification: 28/06/2012, S.O.C.: 28/06/2012 PLAN NUMBER STAGE NO PLAN OF SUBDIVISION PS 639368N MGA 94 ZONE 55 3m 2.07 4-E-2 0.20m 15 E-3 0.20m Зm -E-2 8 E-3 0.20m FREDERICK STREET E-3 0.20m0.35m9 7 0.50m 10.40m 10 RESERVE No.1 11 This copied document is made available for the sole purpose THE POSITION OF EASEMENTS E-3 & E-4 ALONG of enabling its consideration and review as part of a planning THE EDGE OF MCDOUGALL ROAD HAVE NOT BEEN process under the Planning and Environment Act 1987. PLOTTED TO SCALE FOR CLARITY PURPOSES The copy must not be used for any other purpose. Please note that the plan may not be to scale. SCALE 1:5000 100 150 200 250 300 MILLETT INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, SUNBURY RELEASE 2 No of Lots: 15 LENGTHS ARE IN METRES Release 2 Land Area: 3.27ha SHEET 4 CHRIS RUNTING & DATE LICENSED SURVEYOR: P.J.S. TYNKKYNEN ASSOCIATES PTY LTD 20 Hamilton Street Mont Albert Vic 3127 Tel: 9890 0933 Fax: 9898 2543 SIGNATURE _____ DATE / / LAND SURVEYORS EOUNCIL DELEGATE SIGNATURE

REF: 4024PS1

VERSION: 19 (03.05.12)

ORIGINAL SHEET SIZE A3

TOWN PLANNERS

DEVELOPMENT CONSULTANTS

Signed by Council: Hume City Council, Council Ref: S005999, Original Certification: 05/10/2011, Recertification: 28/06/2012, S.O.C.: 28/06/2012 PLAN NUMBER STAGE NO PLAN OF SUBDIVISION PS 639368N CREATION OF RESTRICTION Upon registration of this plan of subdivision the following restriction is created. LAND BURDENED AND LAND BENEFITED LAND BURDENED Lots 1, 7 to 11 (both inclusive) and 15 LAND BENEFITED Lots 1 to 15 on this plan DESCRIPTION OF RESTRICTION The registered proprietor or proprietors for the time being of a burdened lot shall not build or permit to be built or remain on the lot any building having a floor level below the minimum McDOUGALL ROAD floor level shown on this plan or below the surface plane created by joining the heights shown at the corners of the lots in this plan. All the heights are to the Australian Height Datum (AHD). Levels shown thus 213.22 denotes minimum floor level of a building on the subject lot. MGA 94 ZONE 55 This copied document is made available for the sole purpose of enabling its consideration and review as part of a planning process under the Planning and Environment Act 1987. The copy must not be used for any other purpose. Please note that the plan may not be to scale. 1213.22 15 213.01 5 213.22 4 ROAD 3 2 1 8 212.77 FREDERICK STREET 211.9/2 14 21/9/2 9 13 12 212.13 6 10 211.65 RESERVE No.1 11 211.27 Α SCALE 1:1250 12.5 12.5 25 37.5 50 62.5 75 LENGTHS ARE IN METRES SHEET 5 CHRIS RUNTING & DATE LICENSED SURVEYOR: P.J.S. TYNKKYNEN ASSOCIATES PTY LTD SIGNATURE. _____ DATE / / 20 Hamilton Street LAND SURVEYORS Mont Albert Vic 3127 Tel: 9890 0933 EOUNCIL DELEGATE SIGNATURE TOWN PLANNERS REF: 4024PS1 VERSION: 19 (03.05.12) DEVELOPMENT CONSULTANTS Fax: 9898 2543 ORIGINAL SHEET SIZE A3

MODIFICATION TABLE

RECORD OF ALL ADDITIONS OR CHANGES TO THE PLAN

PLAN NUMBER PS639368N

MASTER PLAN (STAGE 1) REGISTERED DATE 01/08/2012 TIME 4:19 pm

WARNING: THE IMAGE OF THIS DOCUMENT OF THE REGISTER HAS BEEN DIGITALLY AMENDED. NO FURTHER AMENDMENTS ARE TO BE MADE TO THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT OF THE REGISTER.

AFFECTED LAND/PARCEL	LAND/PARCEL IDENTIFIER CREATED	MODIFICATION	DEALING NUMBER	DATE	EDITION NUMBER	ASSISTA REGISTR OF TITLI
S2	LOTS 1 TO 15, ROAD R1 AND RES. NO 1 AND NO.2	STAGE PLAN	PS639368N/S2	10/09/12	2	D.P.
LOT A		REMOVAL OF EASEMENT	PS645987X/S2	14/08/13	3	A.R.T
LOT A	E-6	REMOVAL OF EASEMENT	PS705389N	23/12/13	4	R.W.C
LOT A, 5 & 6		REMOVAL OF EASEMENT	AL101556V	03/06/14	5	D.R
adnied de euros	ie made available fa	the cole nurness				
abling its conside	is made available for eration and review as	part of a planning				
es <mark>s under the Pla</mark>	nning and Environme used for any other pu	nt Act 1987.				